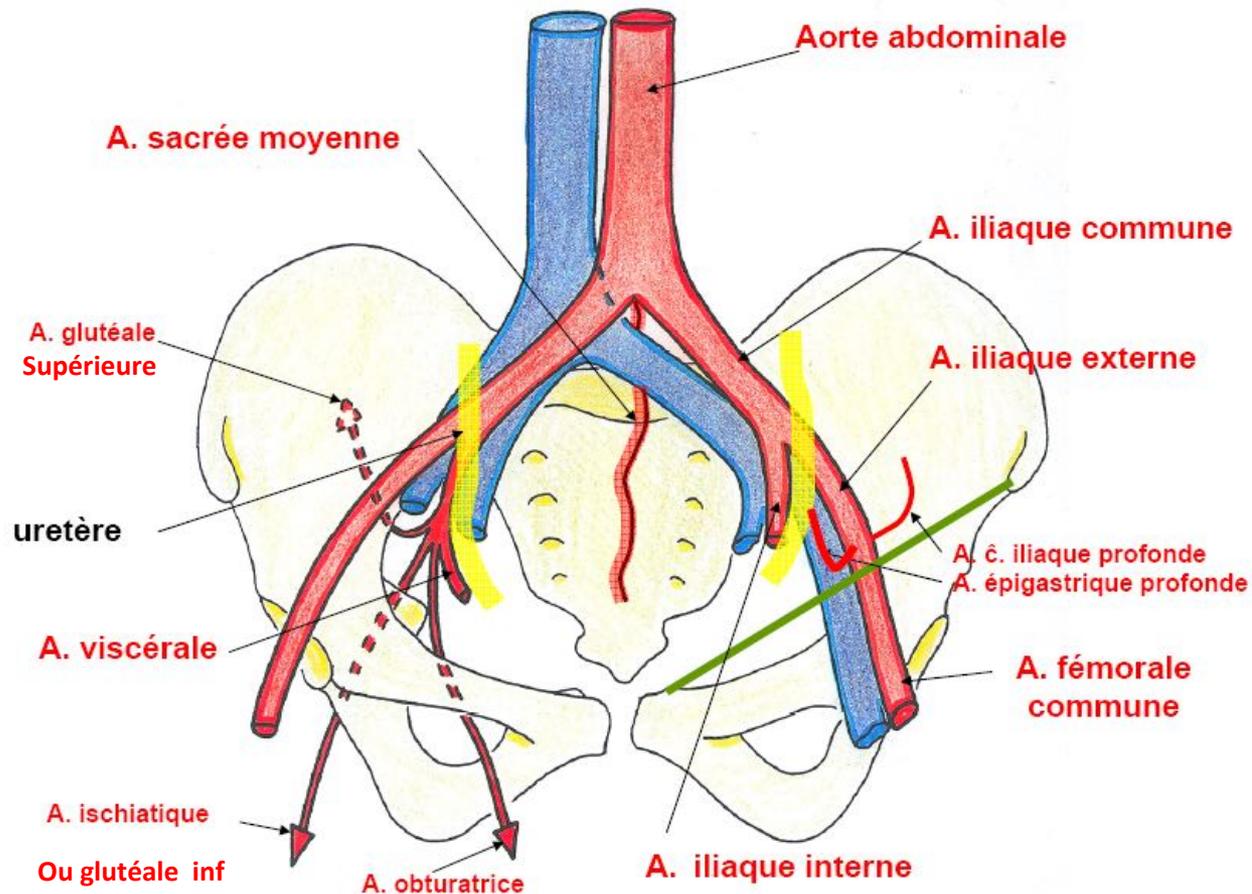


Vascularisation du membre inférieur

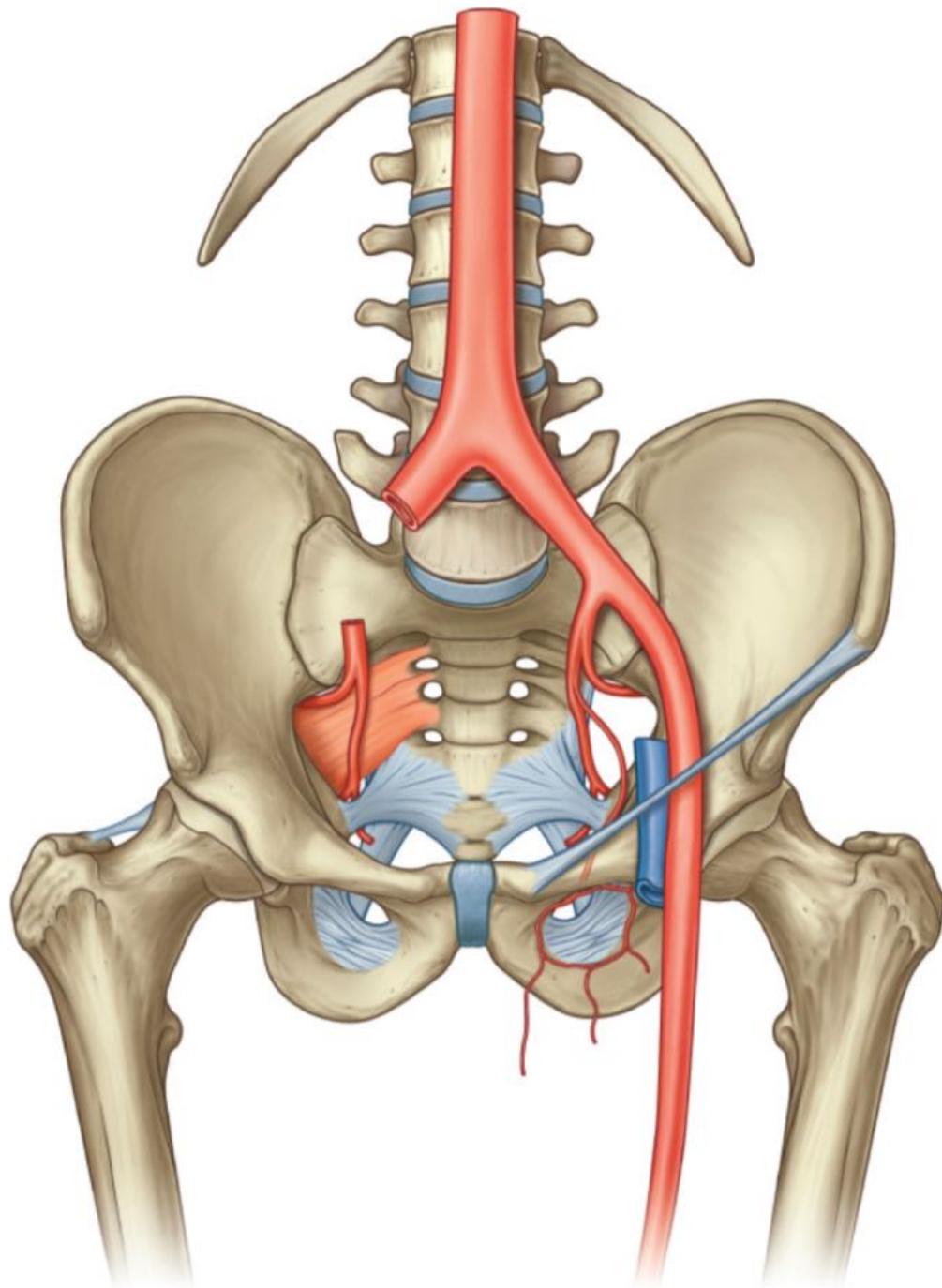
Vascularisation artérielle

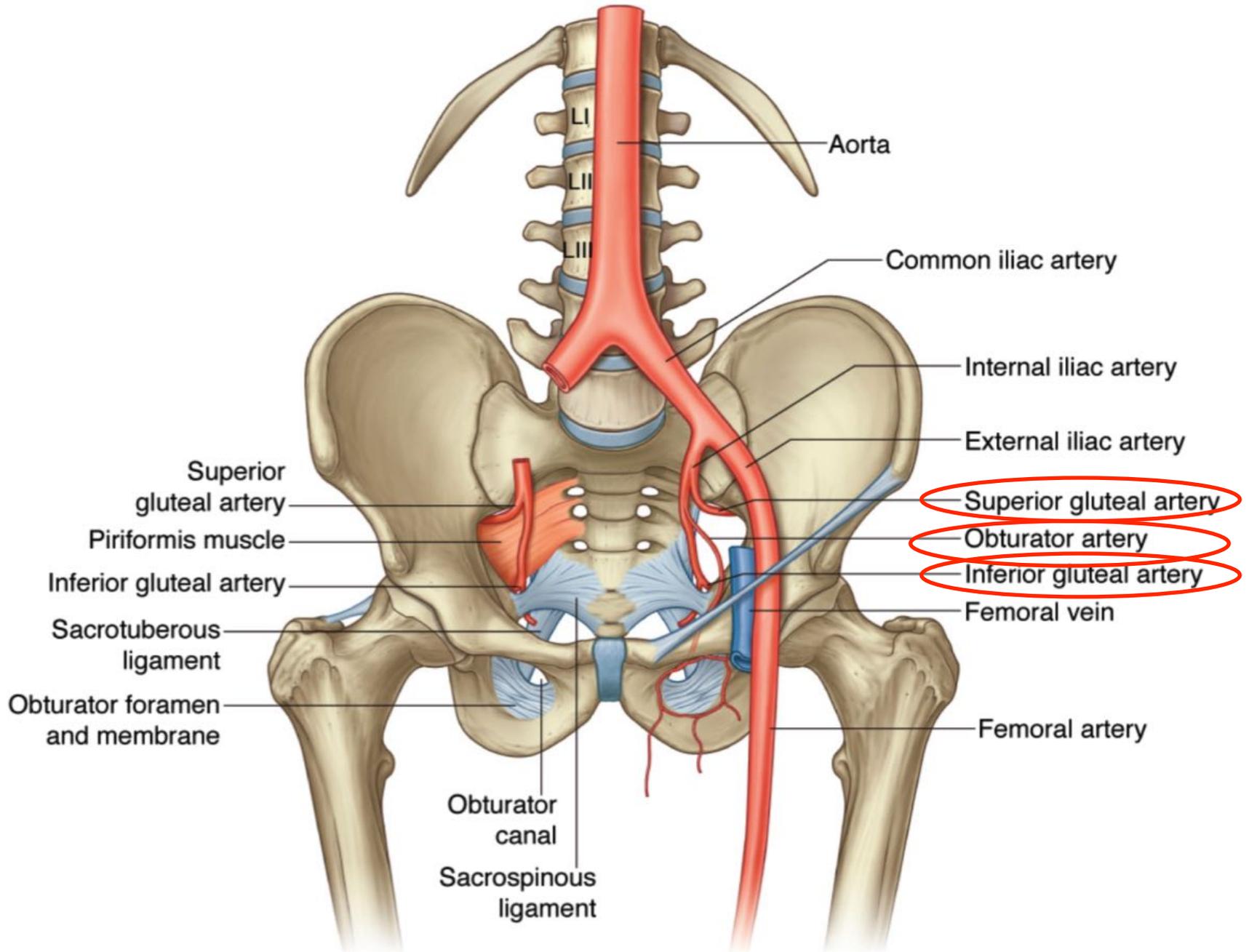
Origines des artères du membre inférieur

- L'artère iliaque interne (hypogastrique)
- L'artère iliaque externe +++

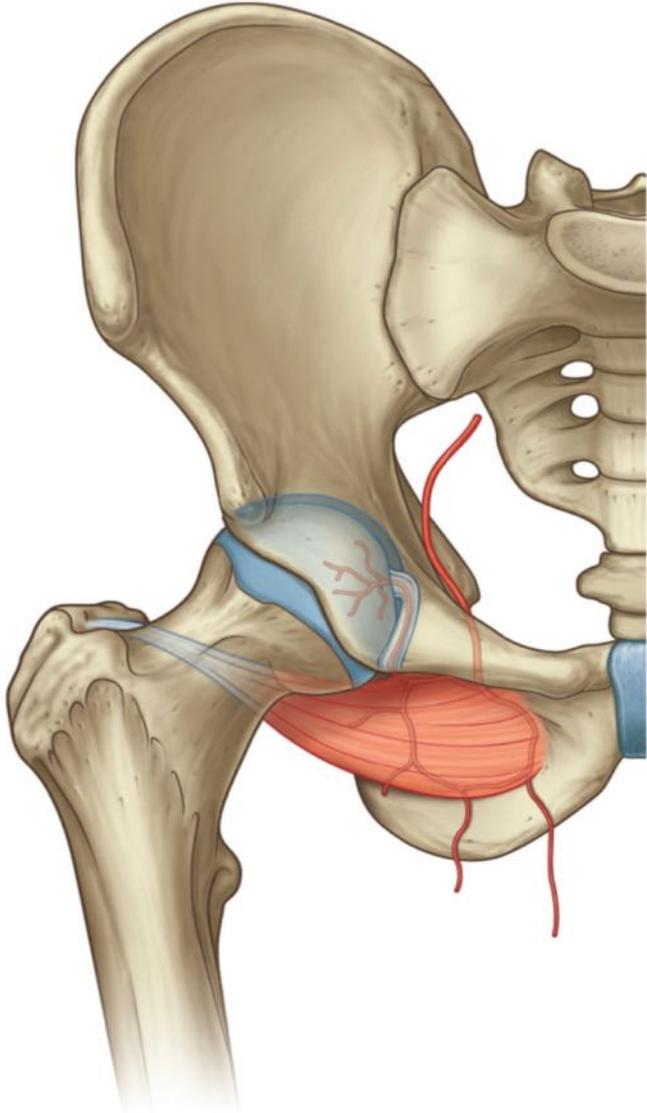
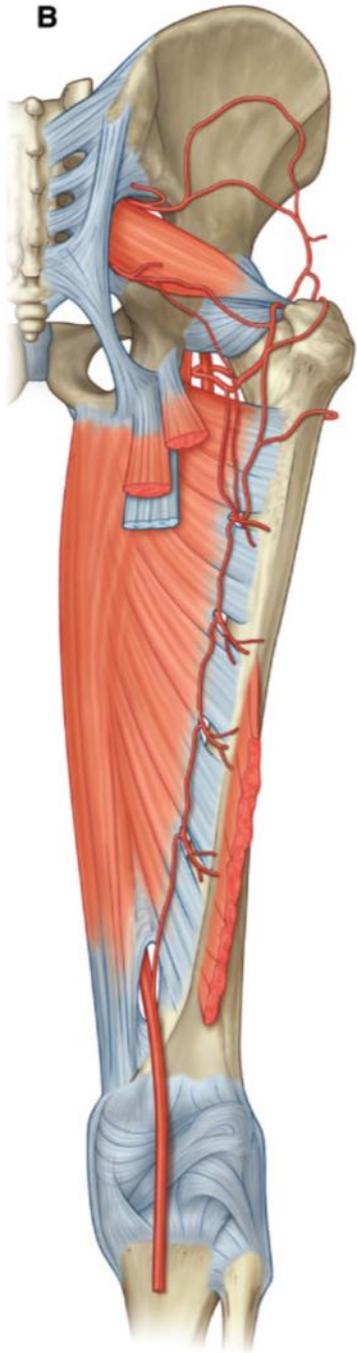


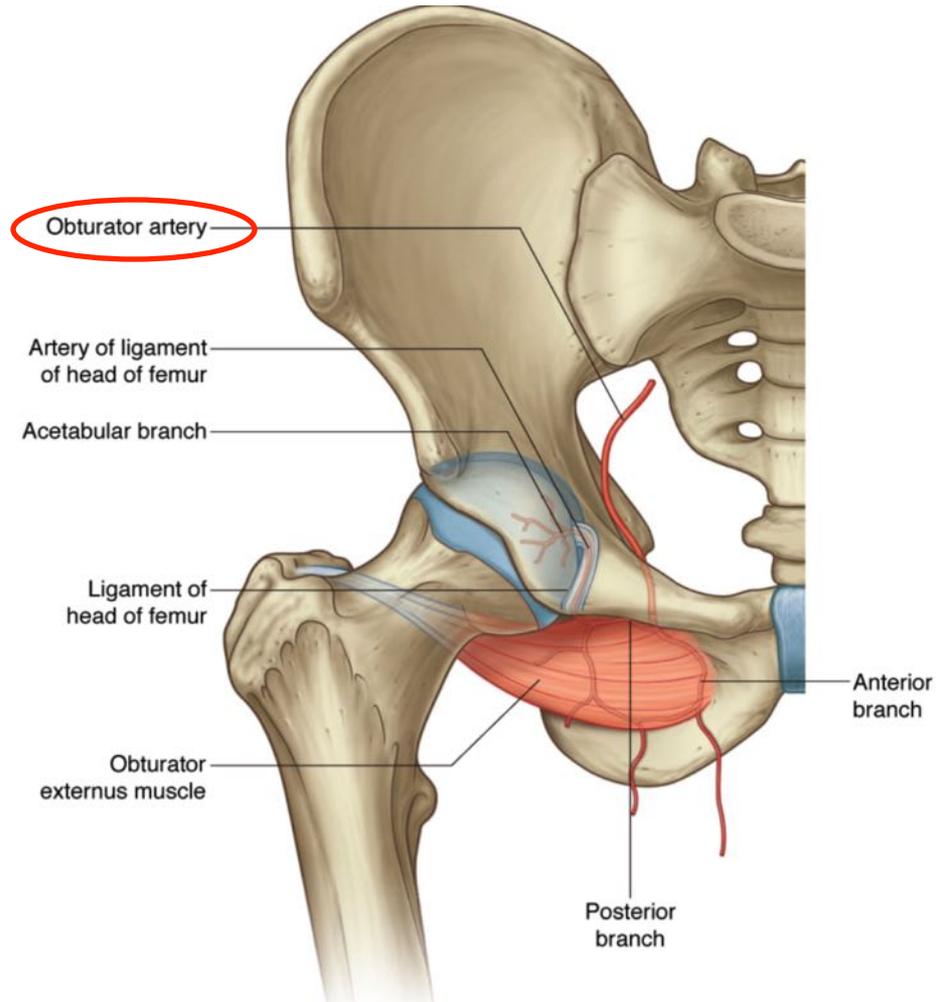
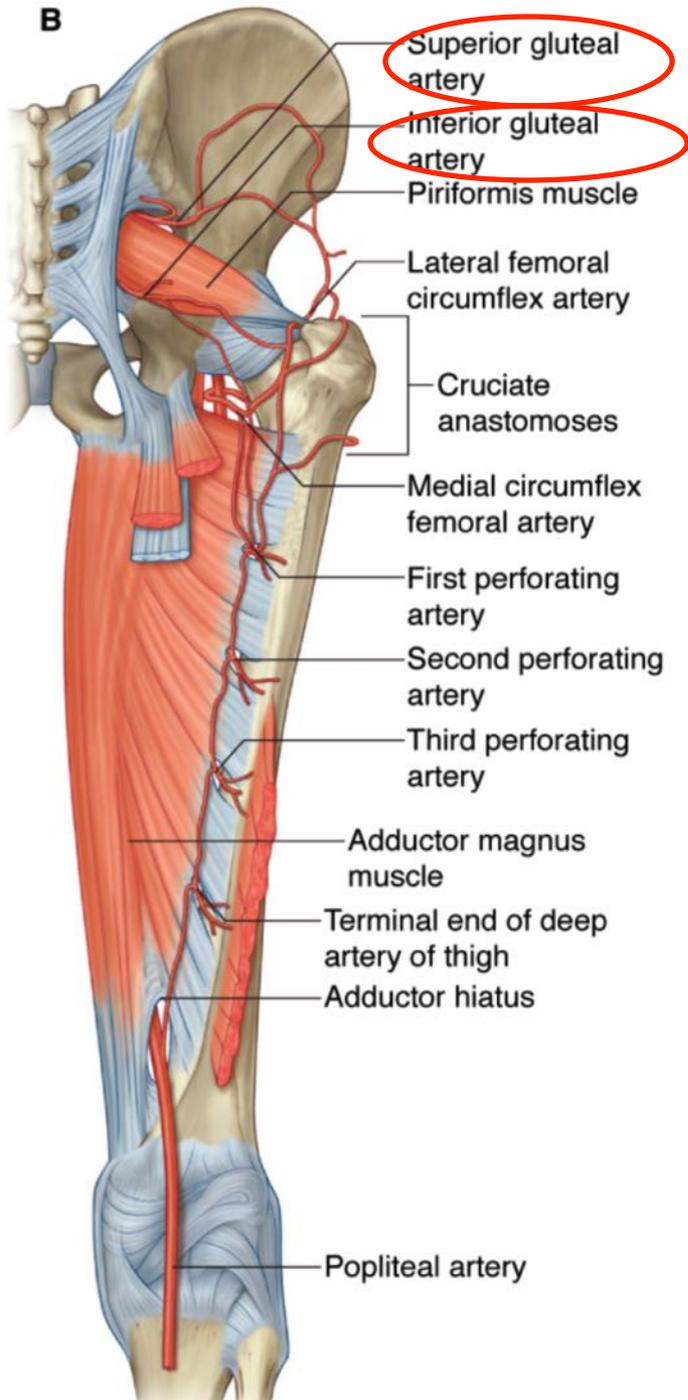
Les branches extrapelviennes de l'artère
iliaque interne



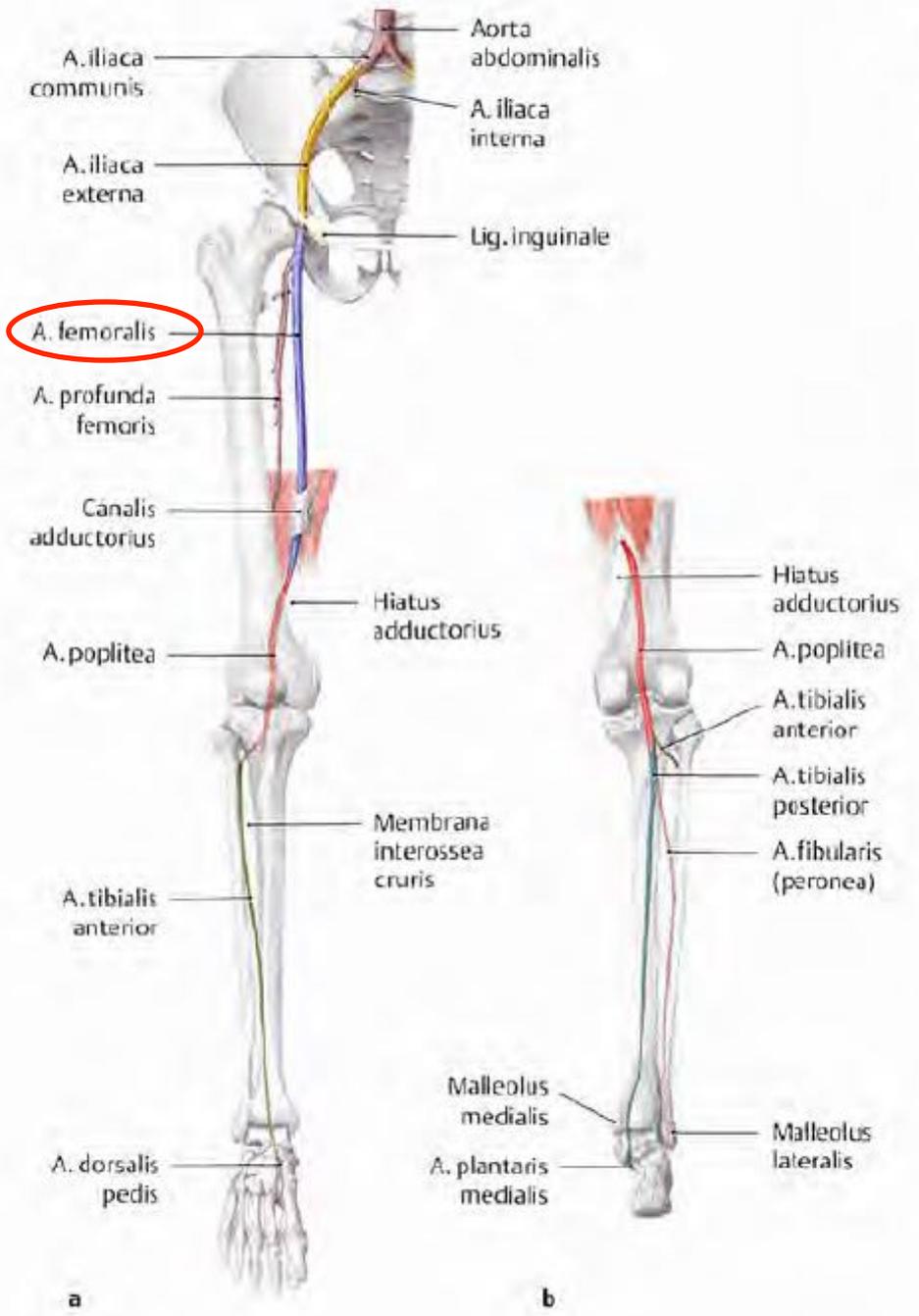
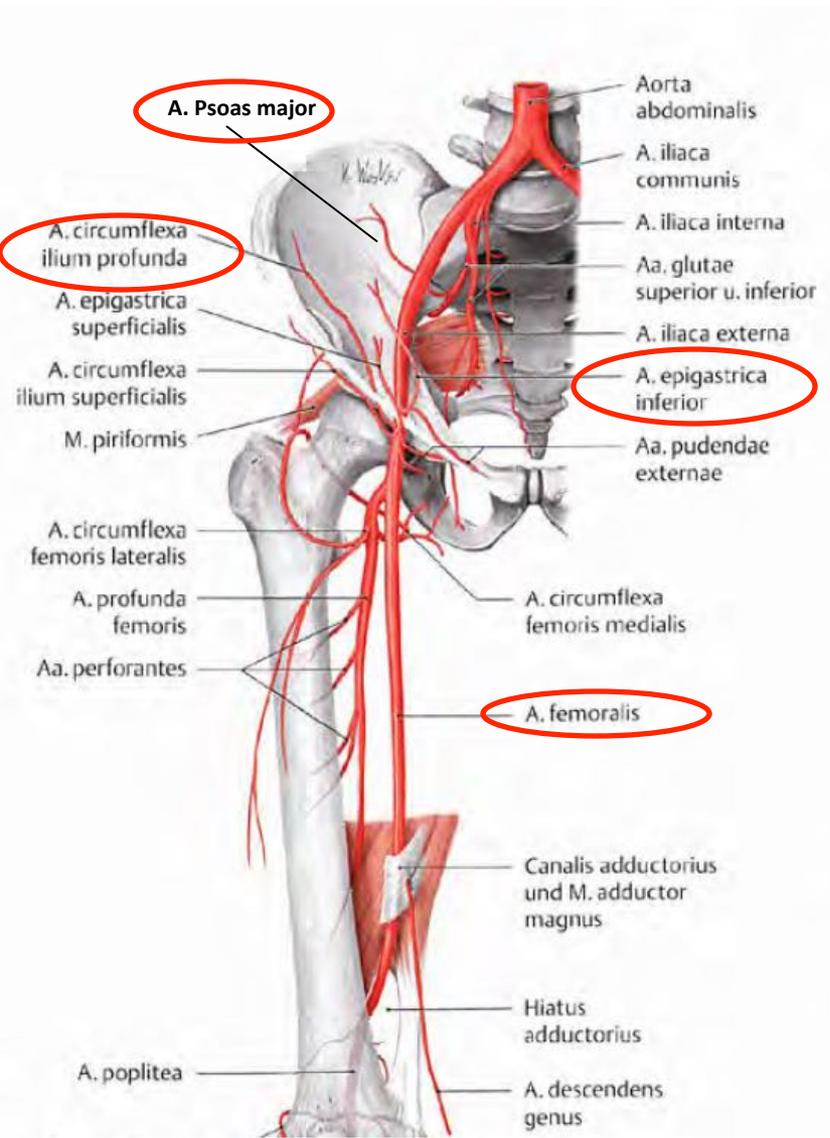


B



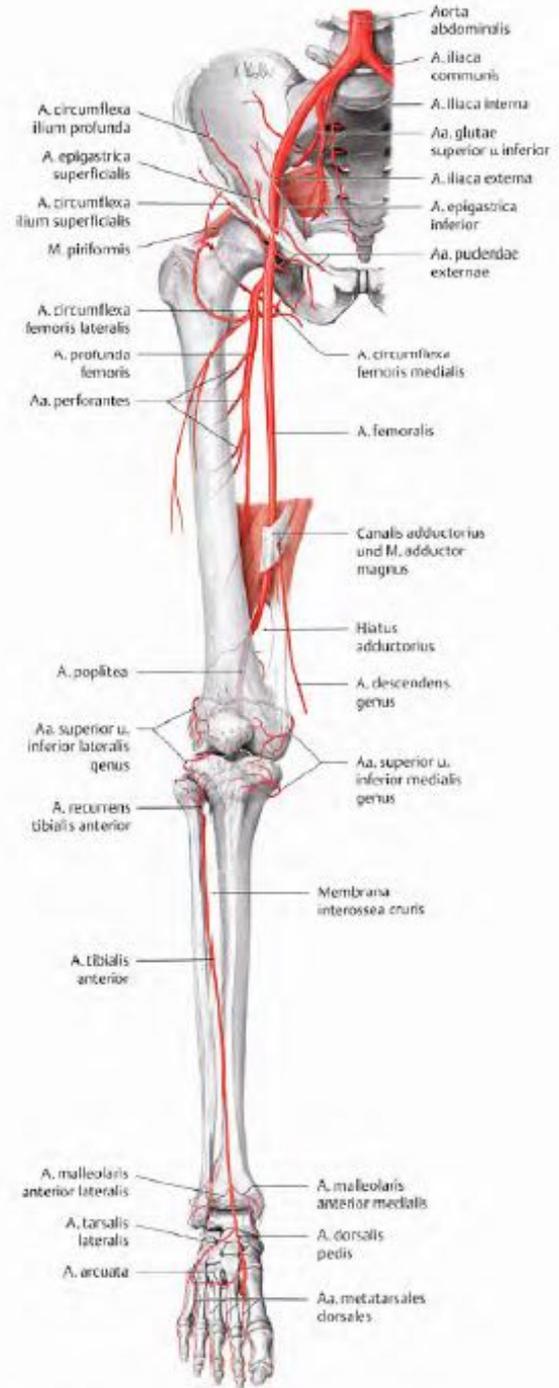


Les branches de l'artère iliaque externe



a

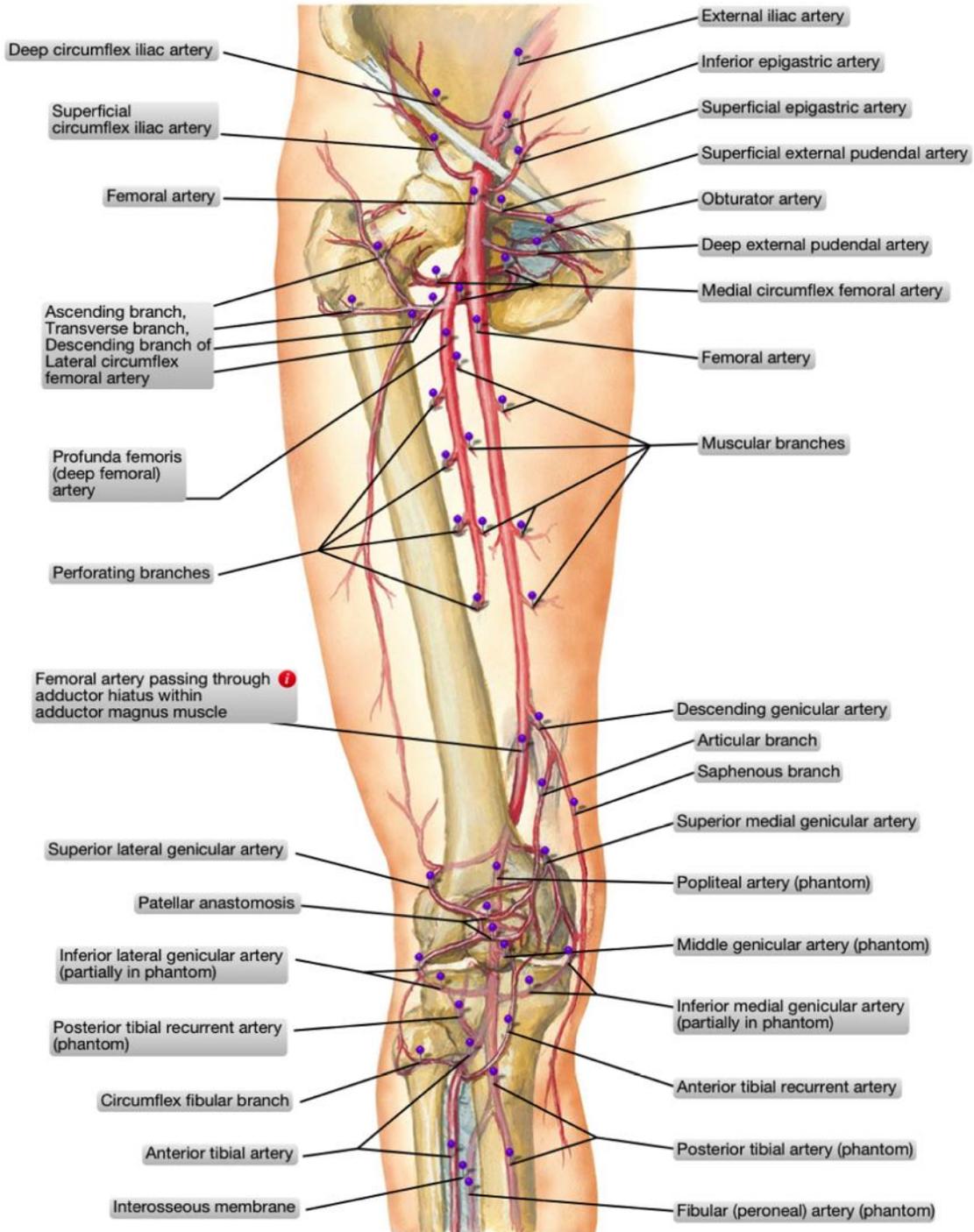
b

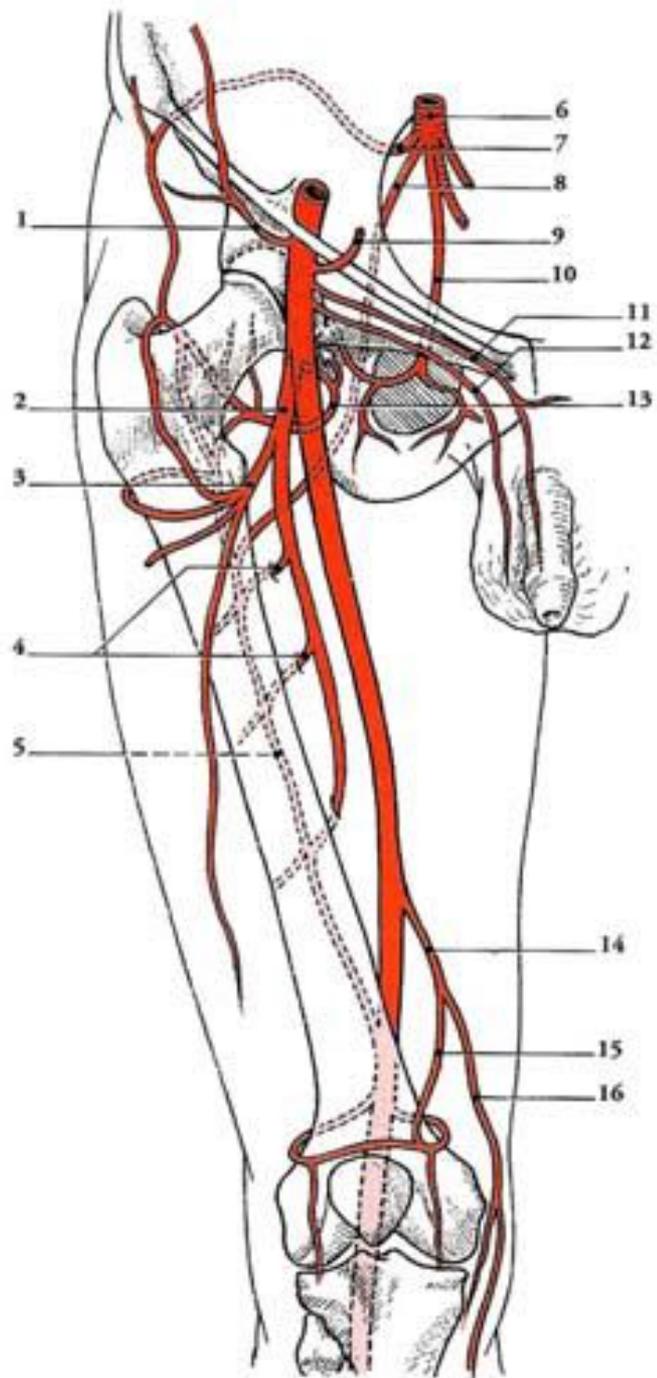


L'artère fémorale

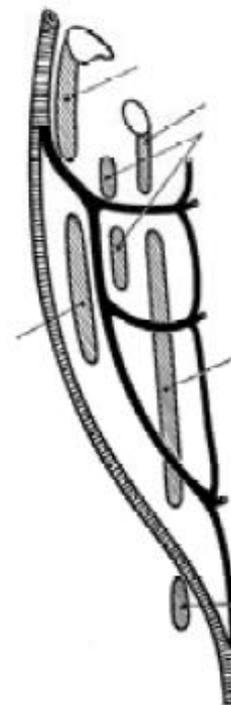
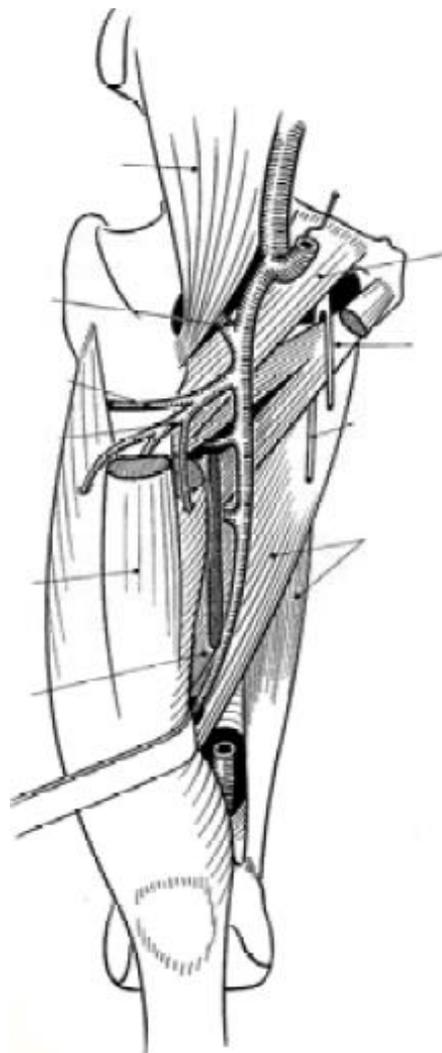
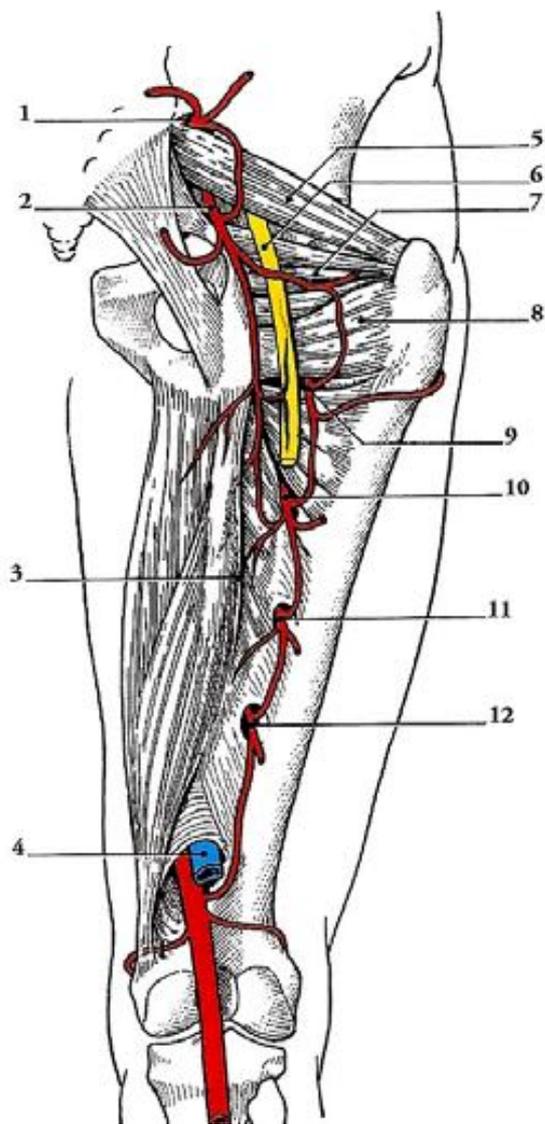
Origine, trajet, terminaison,
collatérales



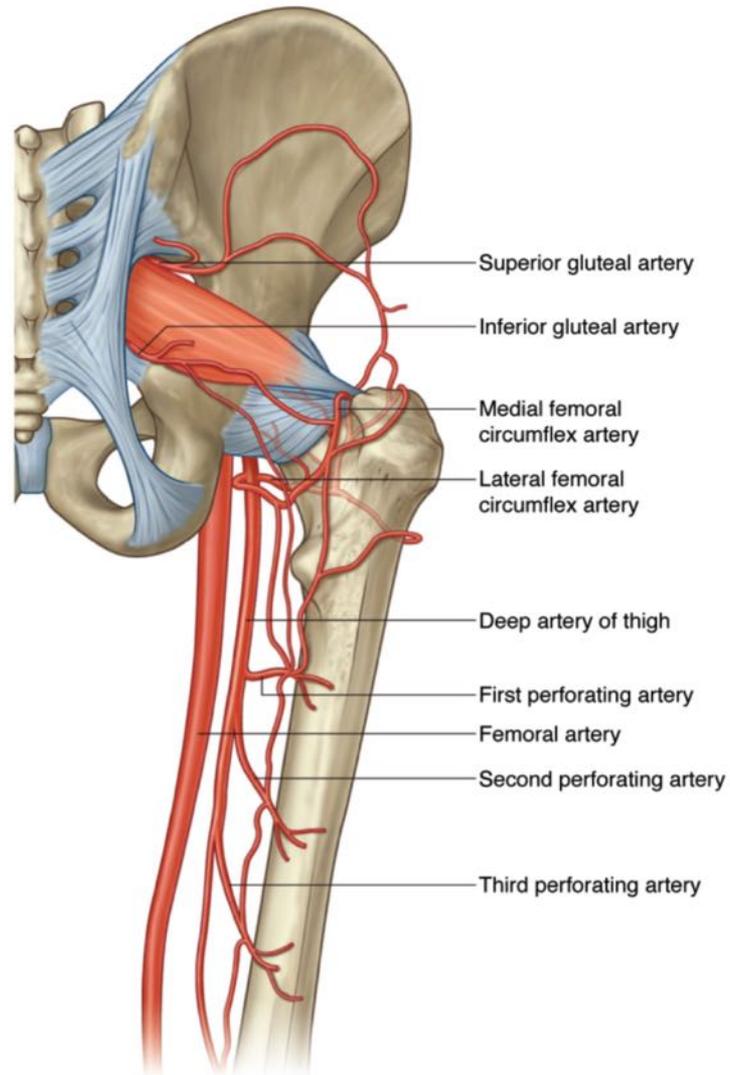




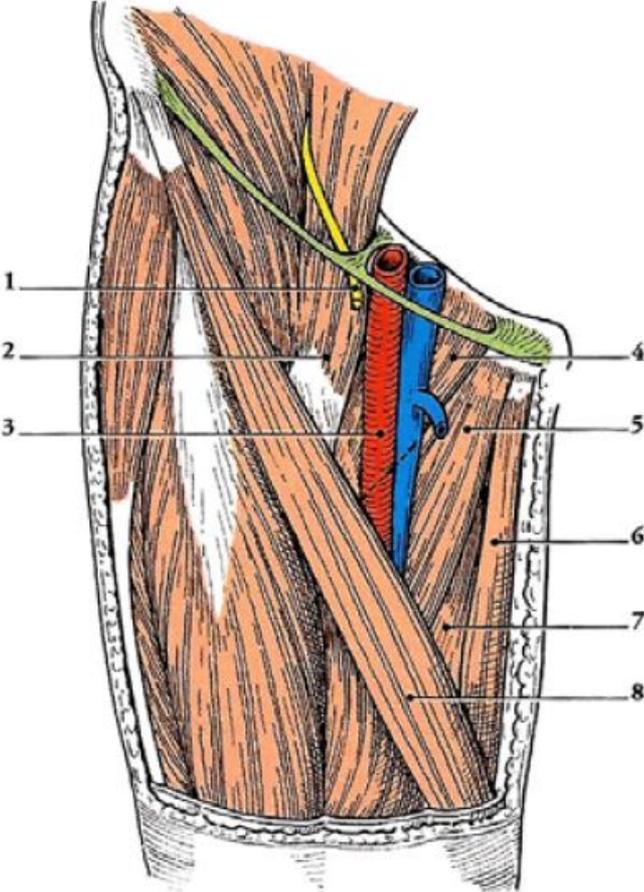
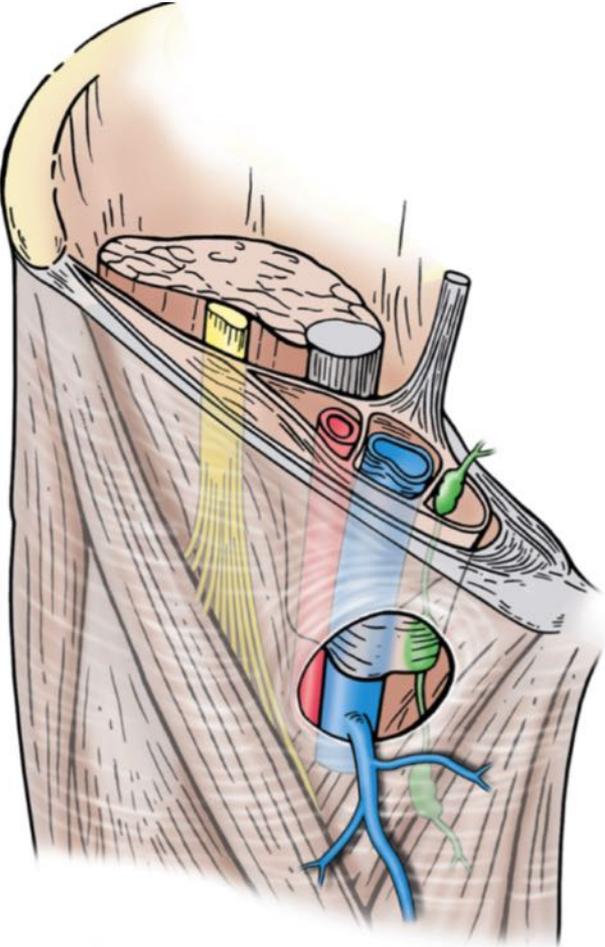
Branches perforantes et circuits anastomotiques de la cuisse

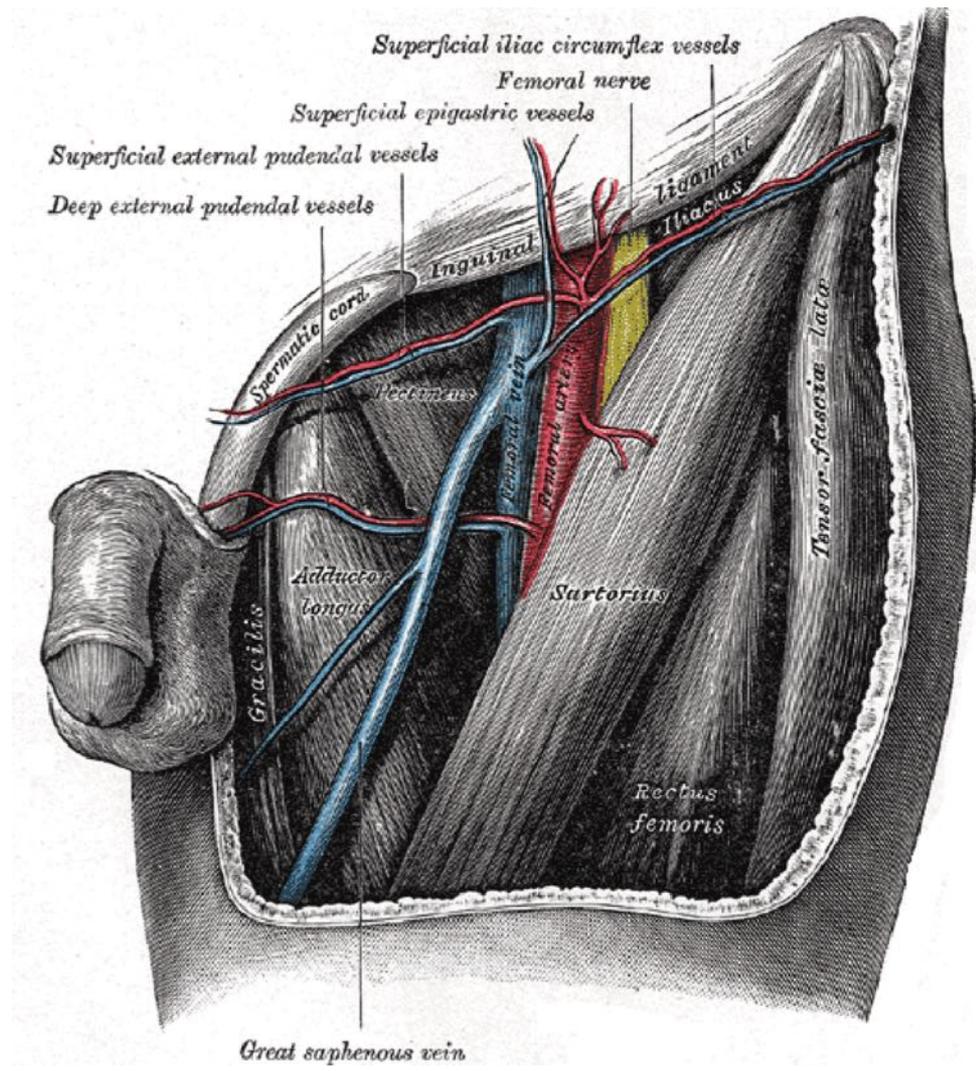


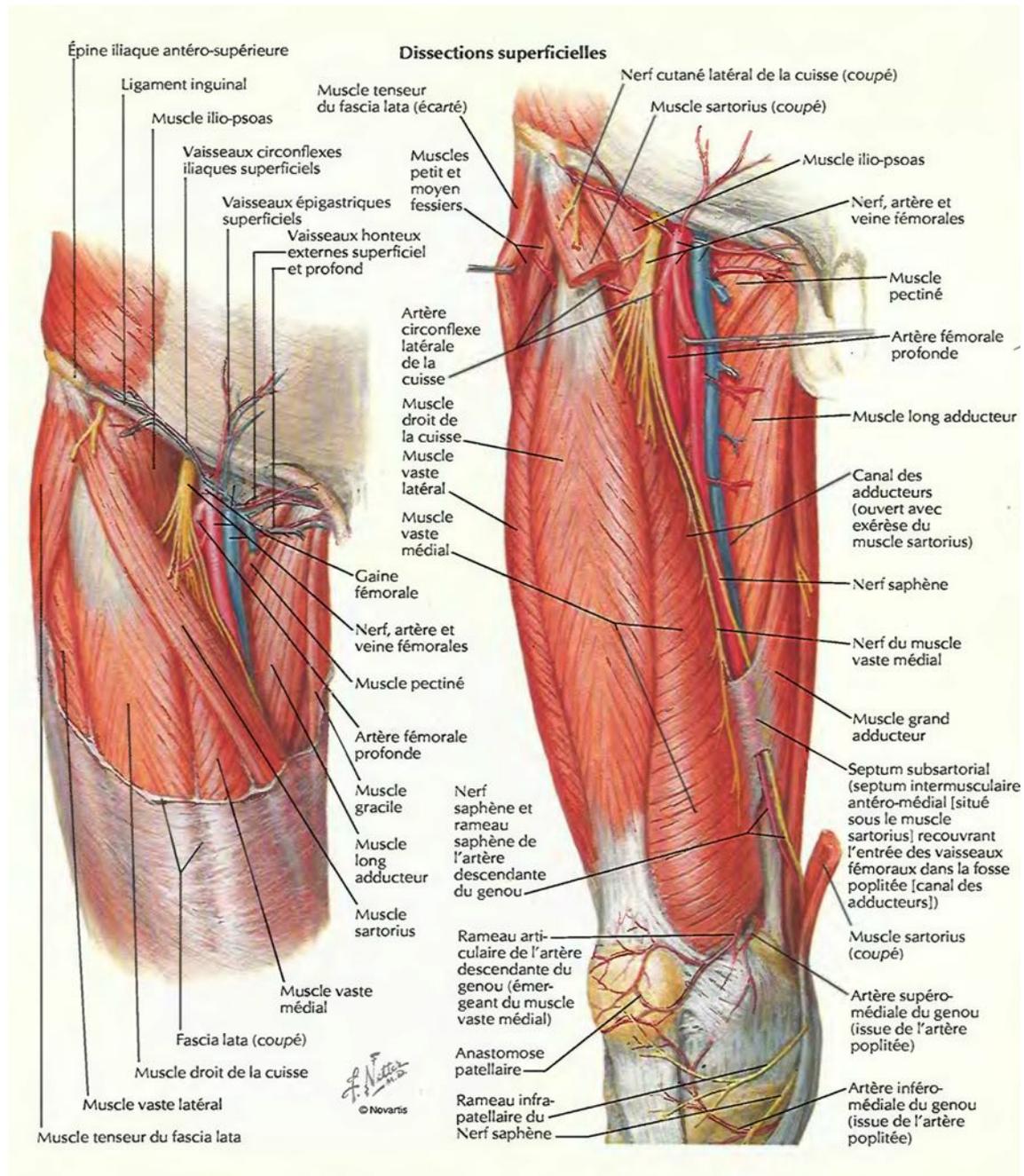
Anastomoses entre artère glutéale inférieure et artère fémorale



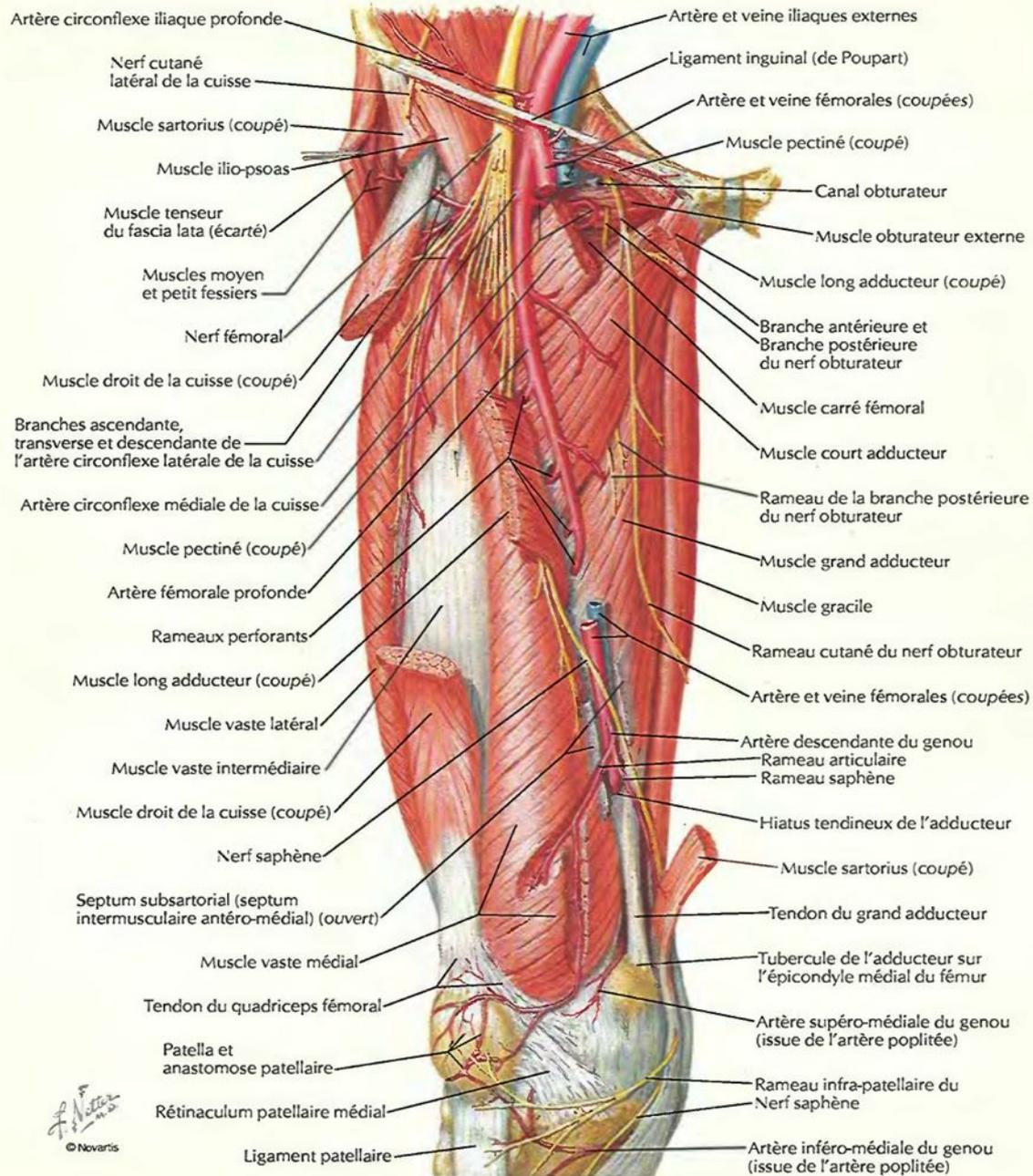
Rapports au niveau de la racine de la cuisse



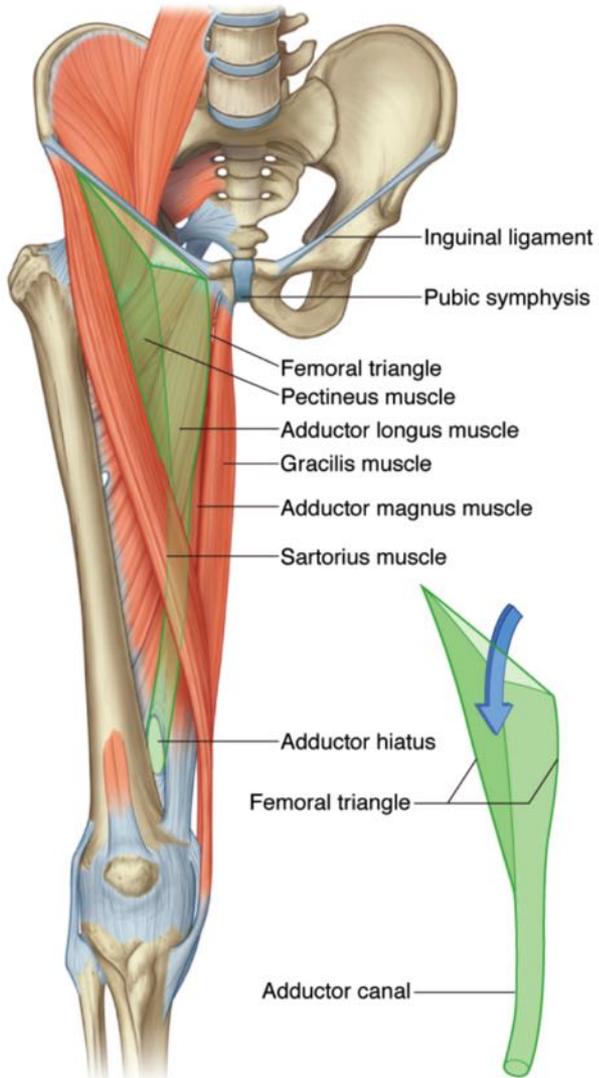
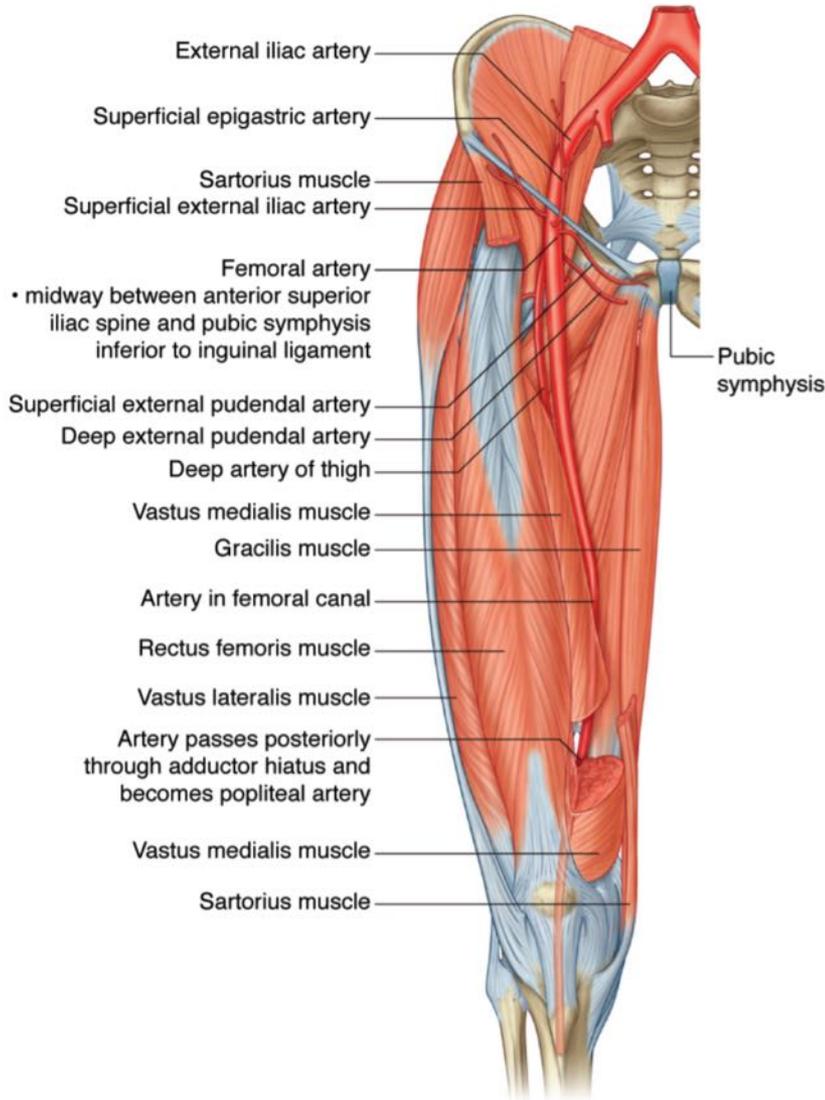


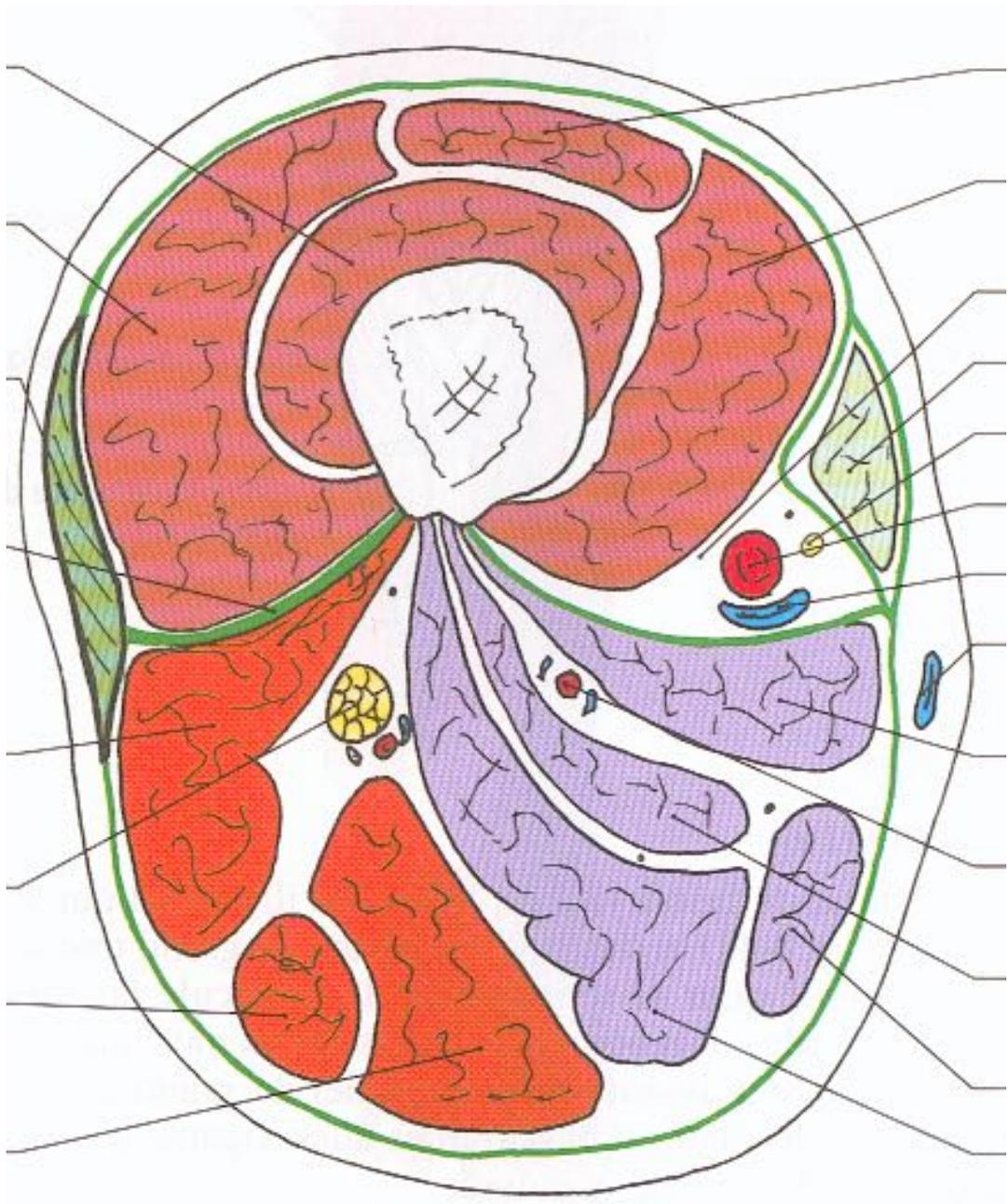


Dissection profonde



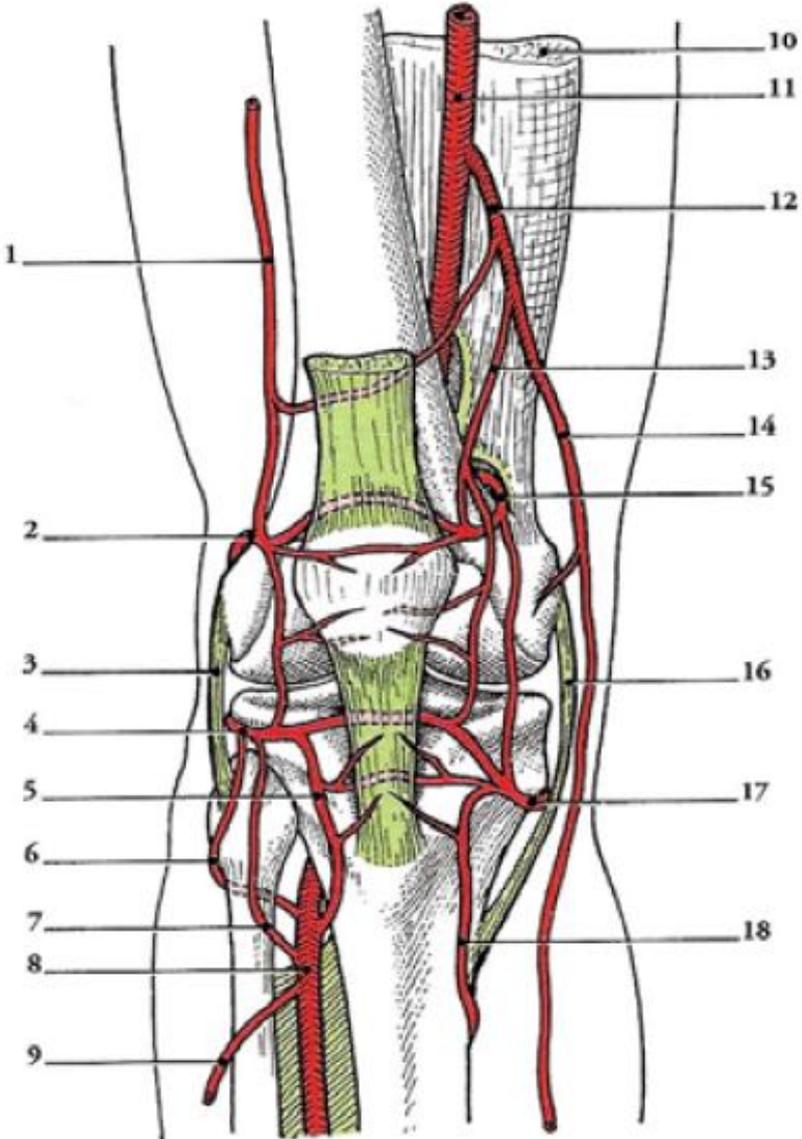
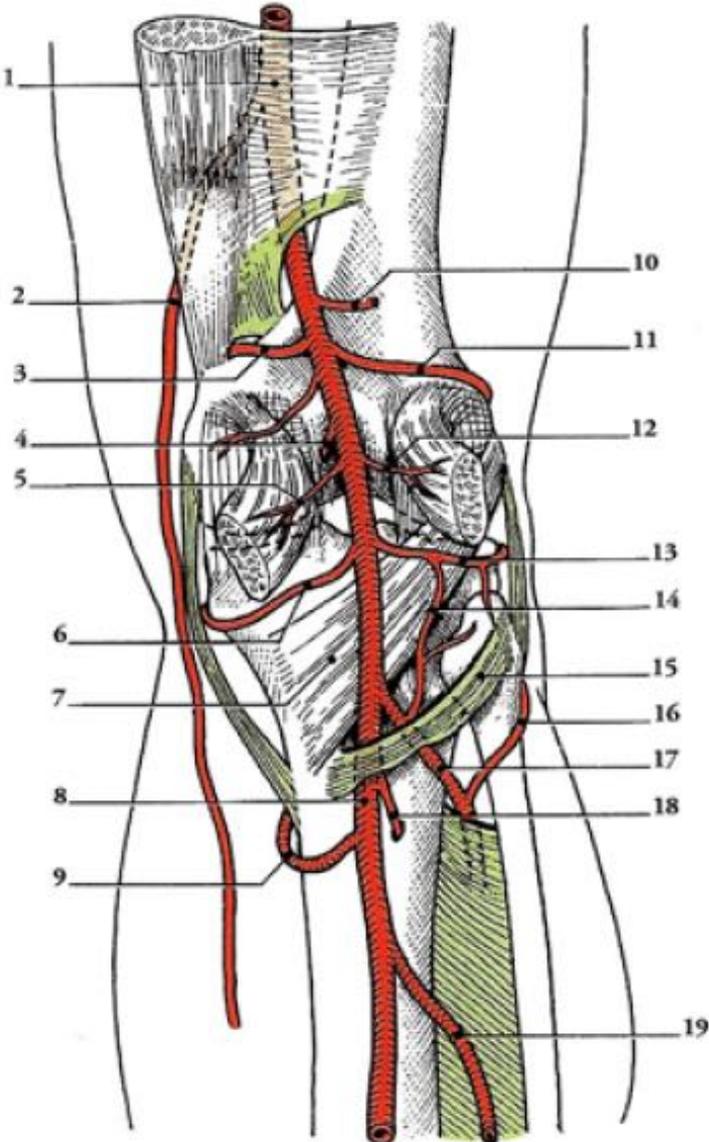
Canal des adducteurs

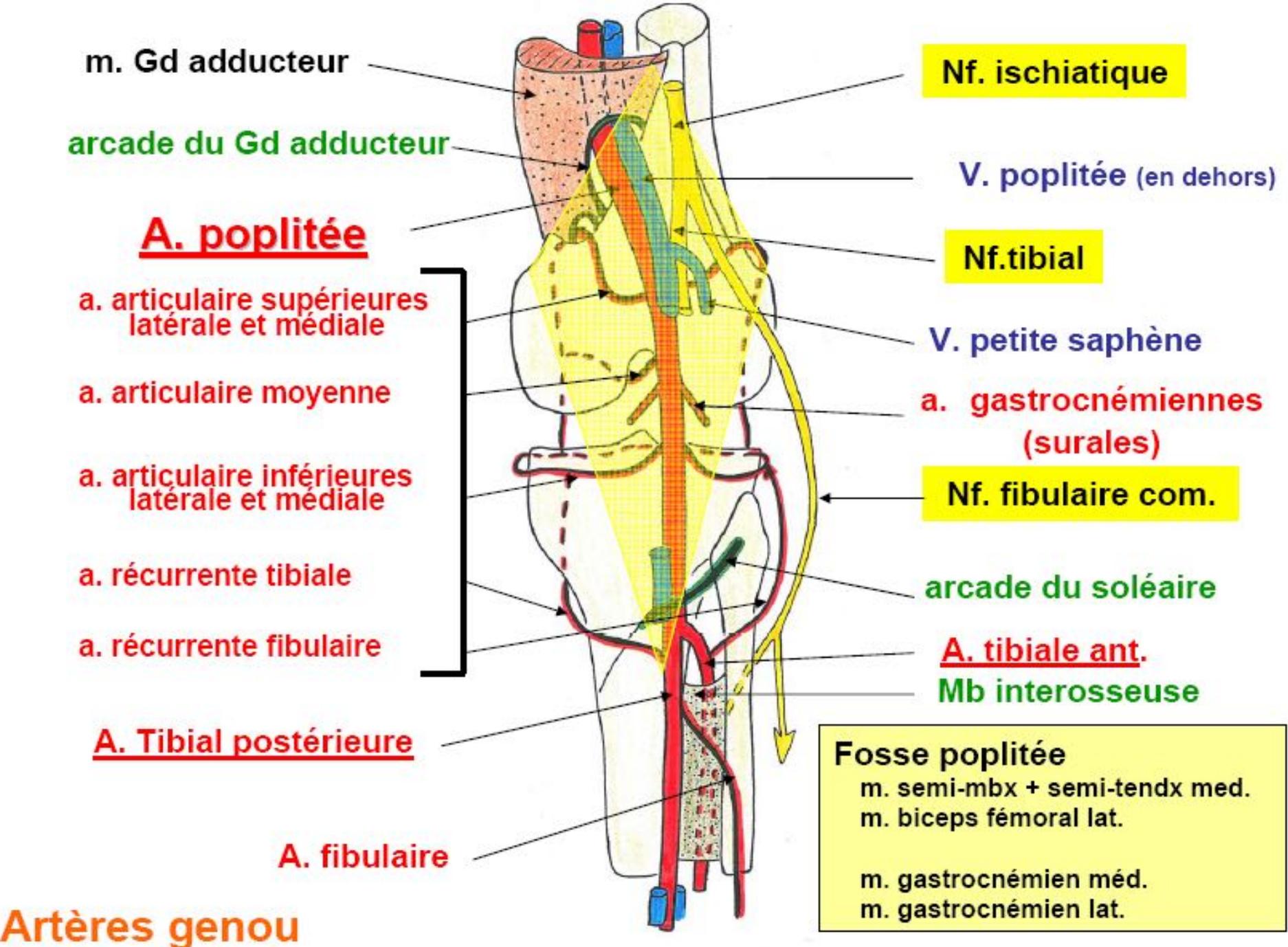




Artère poplitée

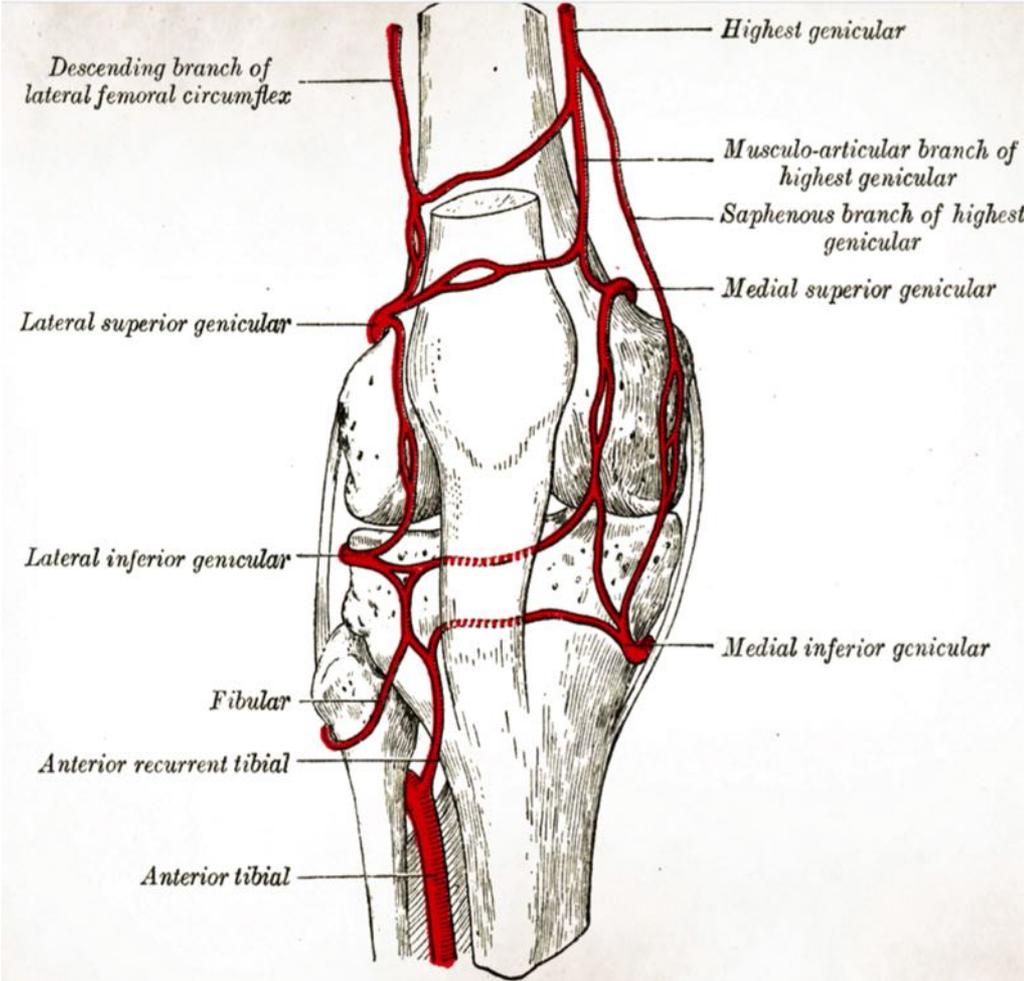
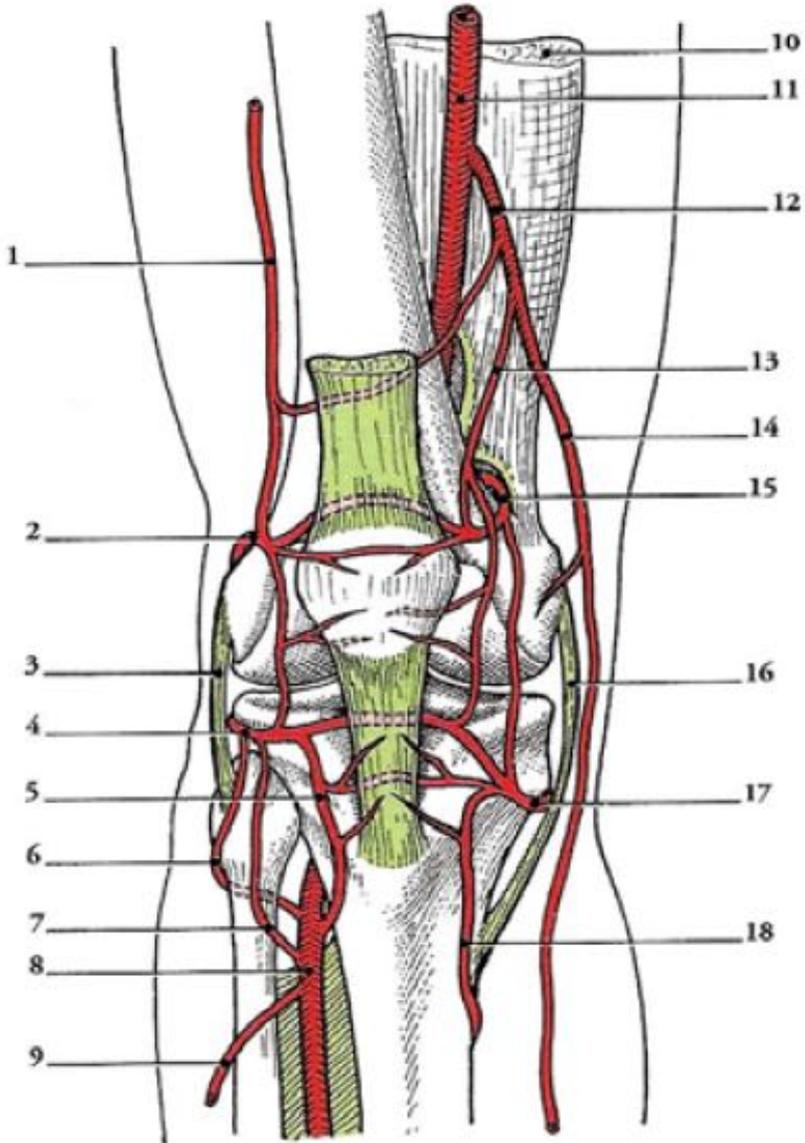
Origine, trajet, terminaison, collatérales,



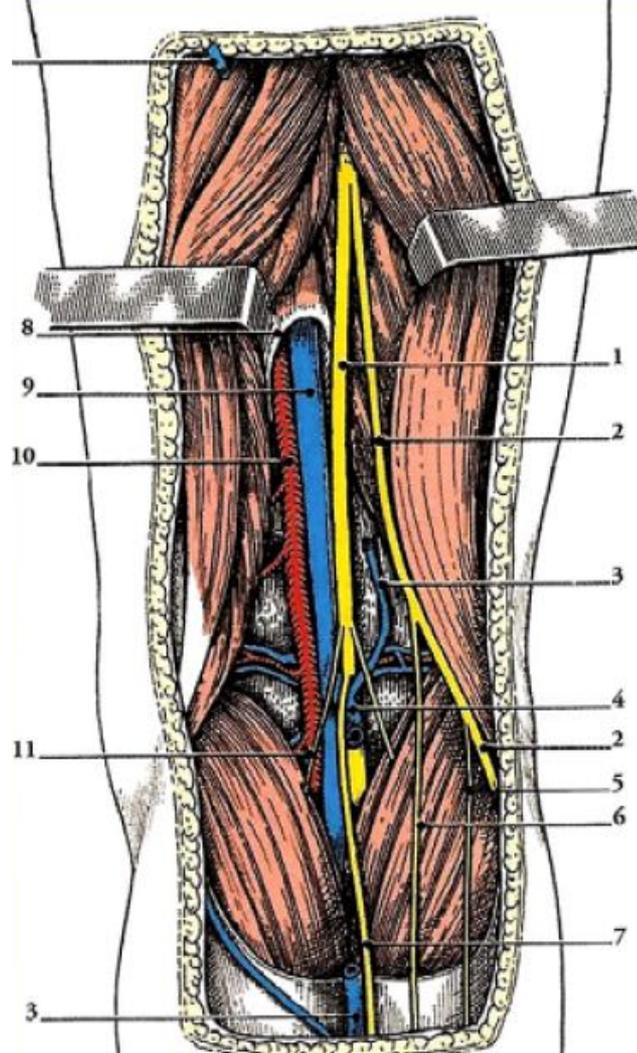
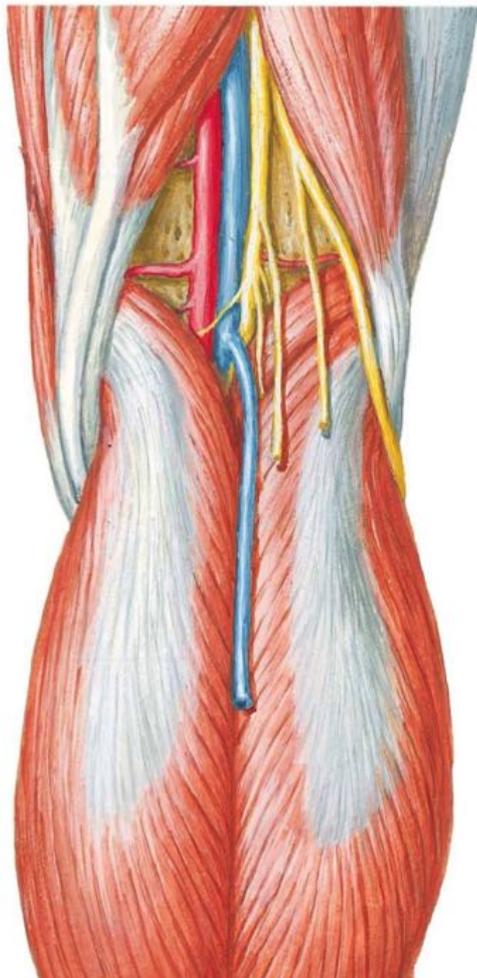


Artères genou

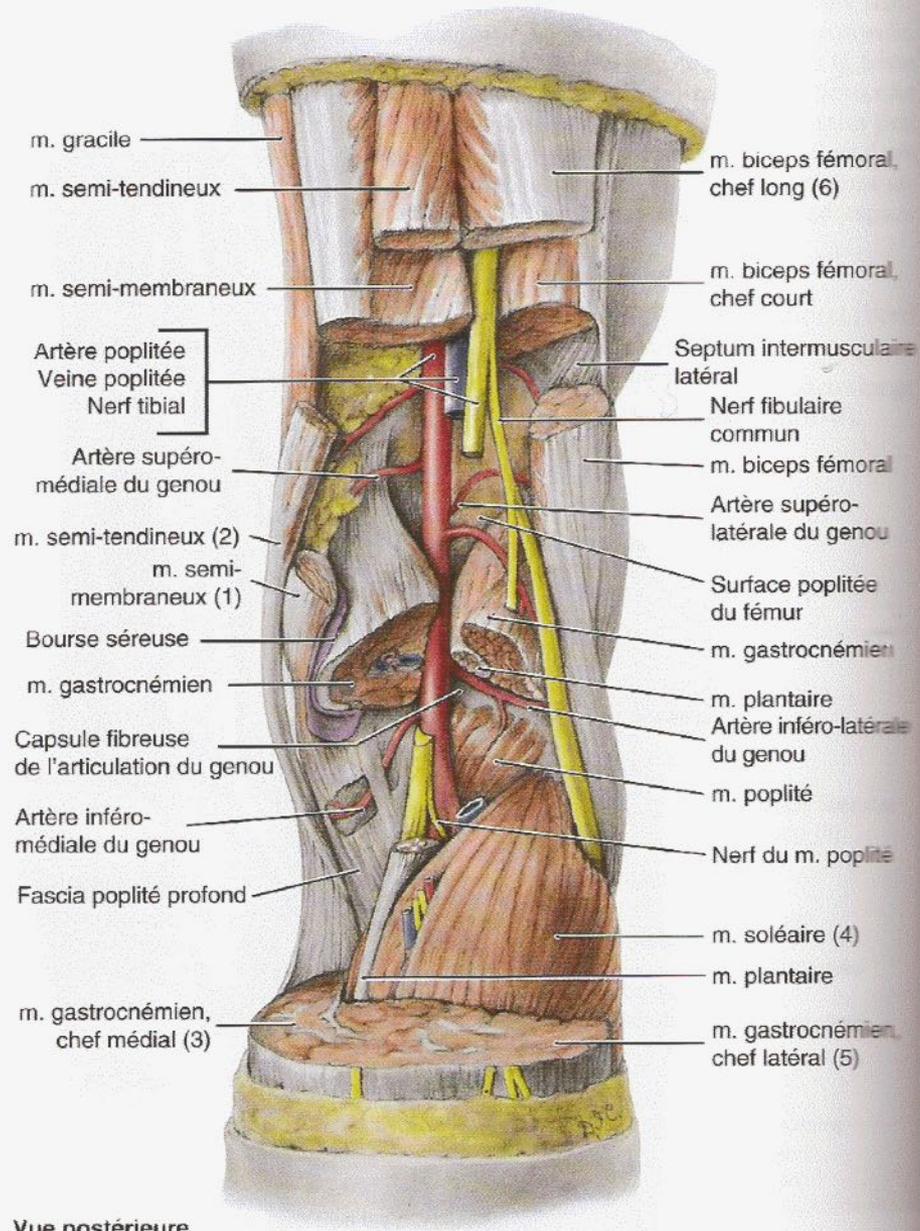
Anastomoses péri – articulaires du genou



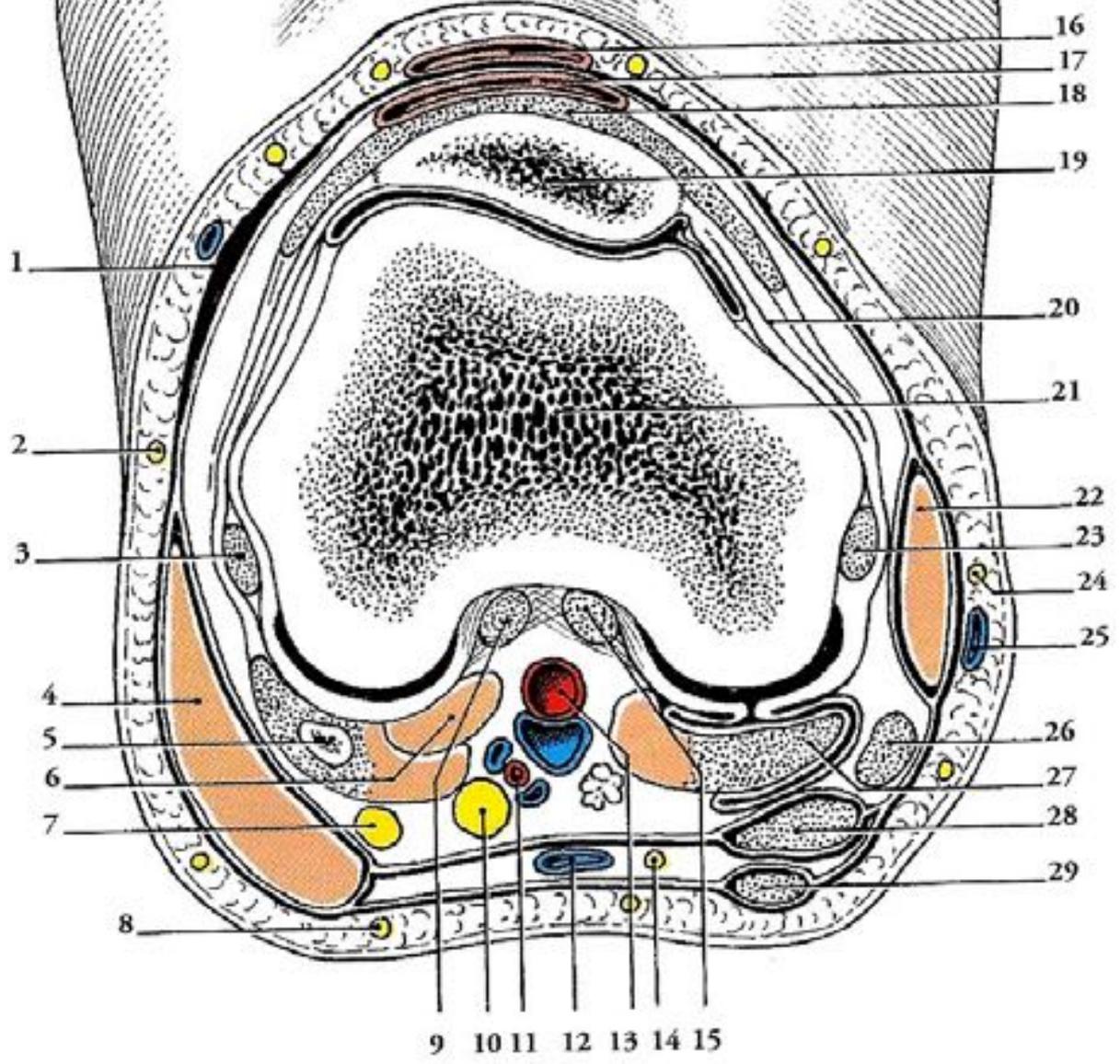
Rapports



- 1 - n. tibial
- 2 - n. fibulaire commun
- 3 - v. petite saphène
- 4 - n. cutané sural latéral
- 5 - n. cutané sural médial
- 6 - v. communicante entre les vv. grande et petite saphène
- 7 - hiatus tendineux de l'adducteur
- 8 - v. poplitée
- 9 - a. poplitée
- 10 - r. musculaire

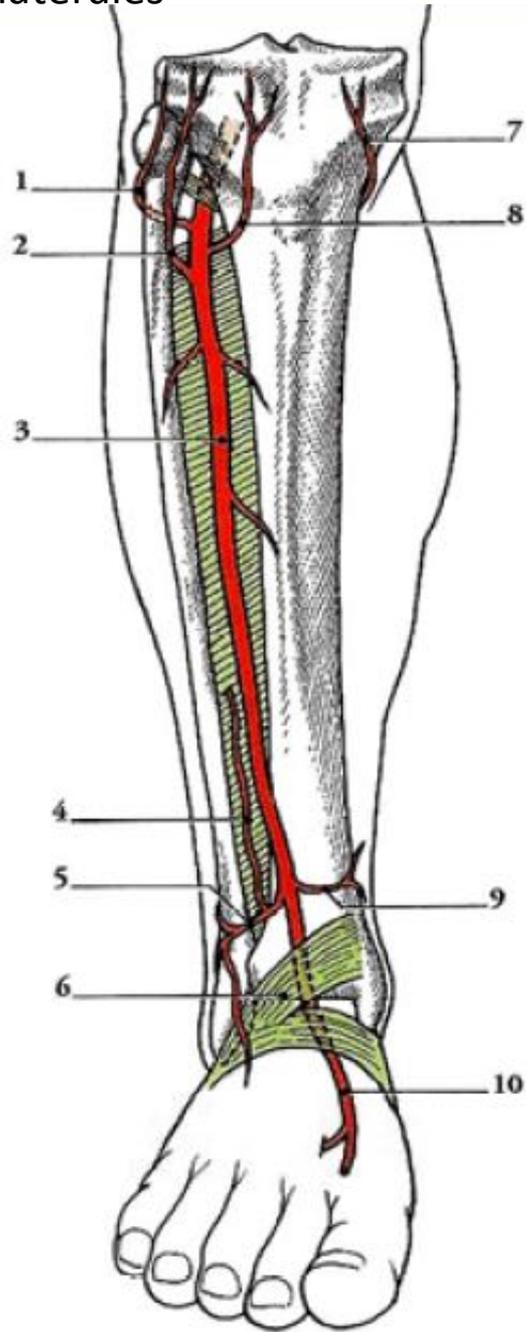


Vue postérieure

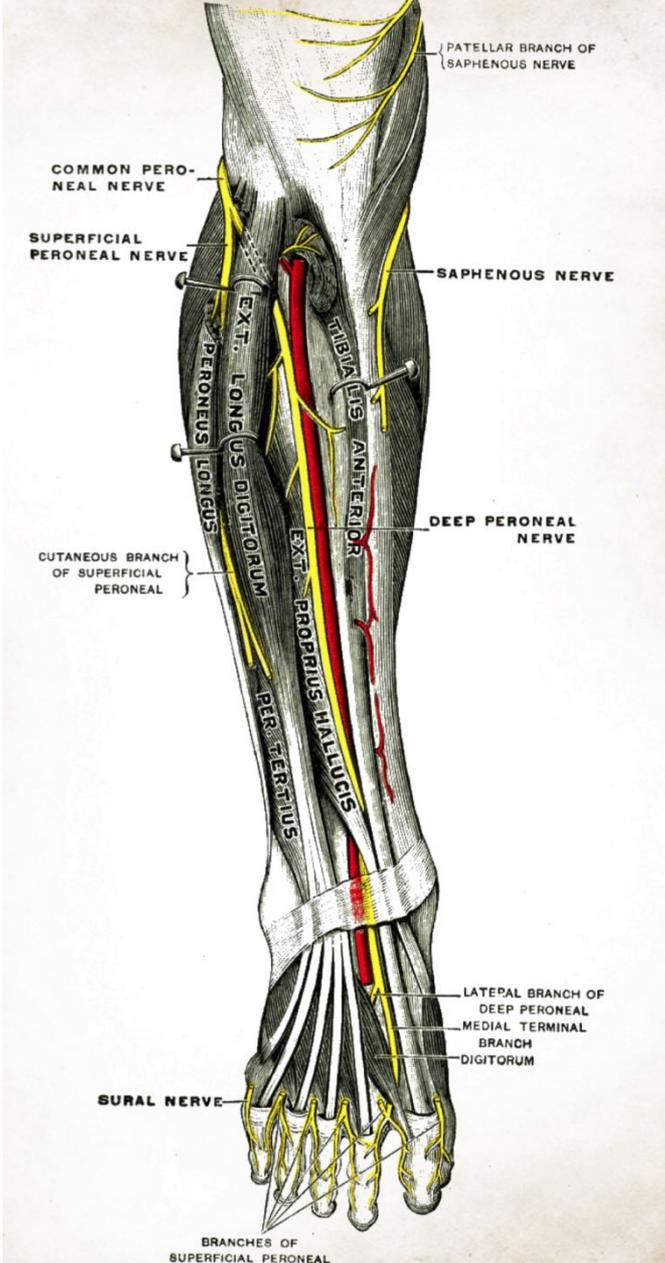
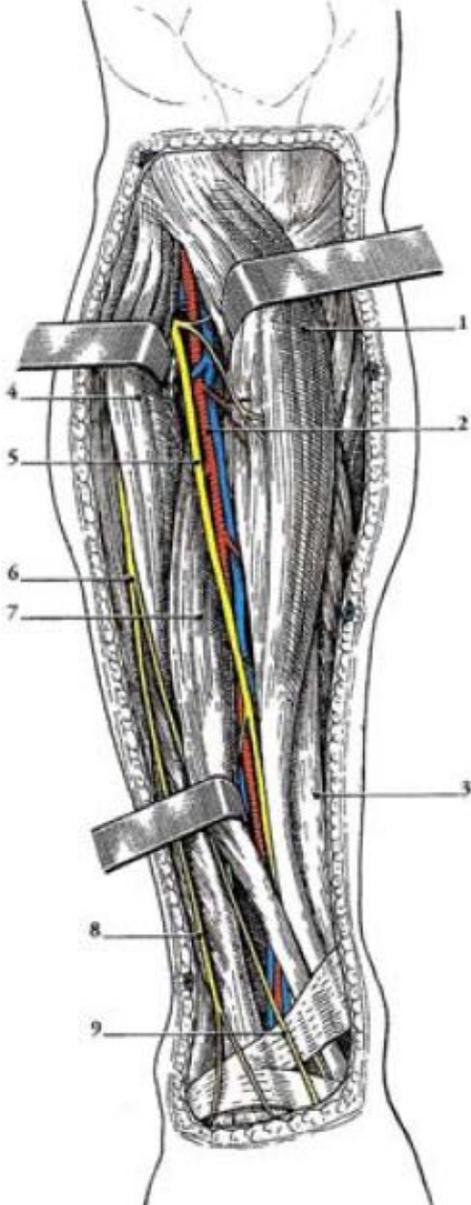


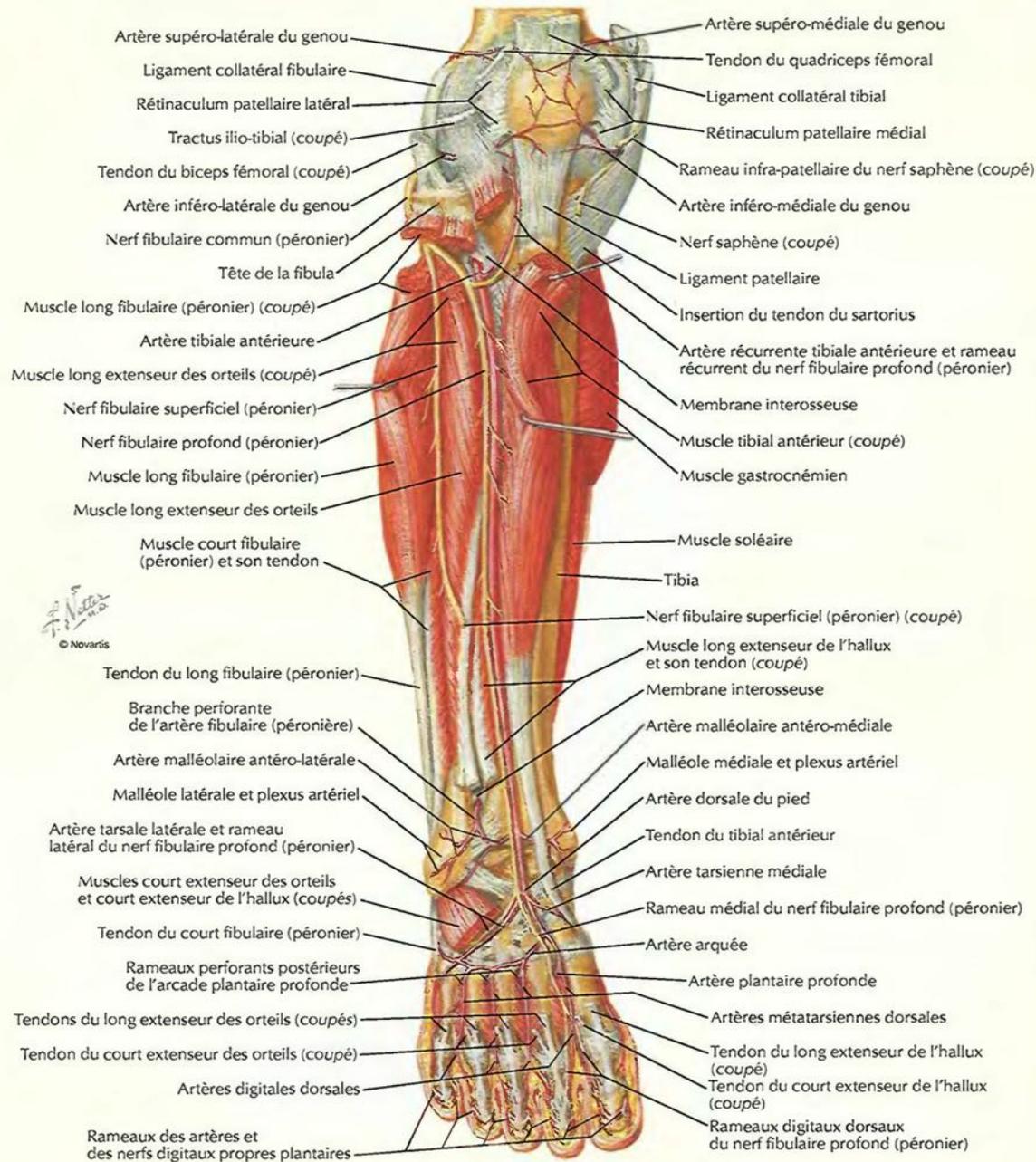
Artère tibiale antérieure

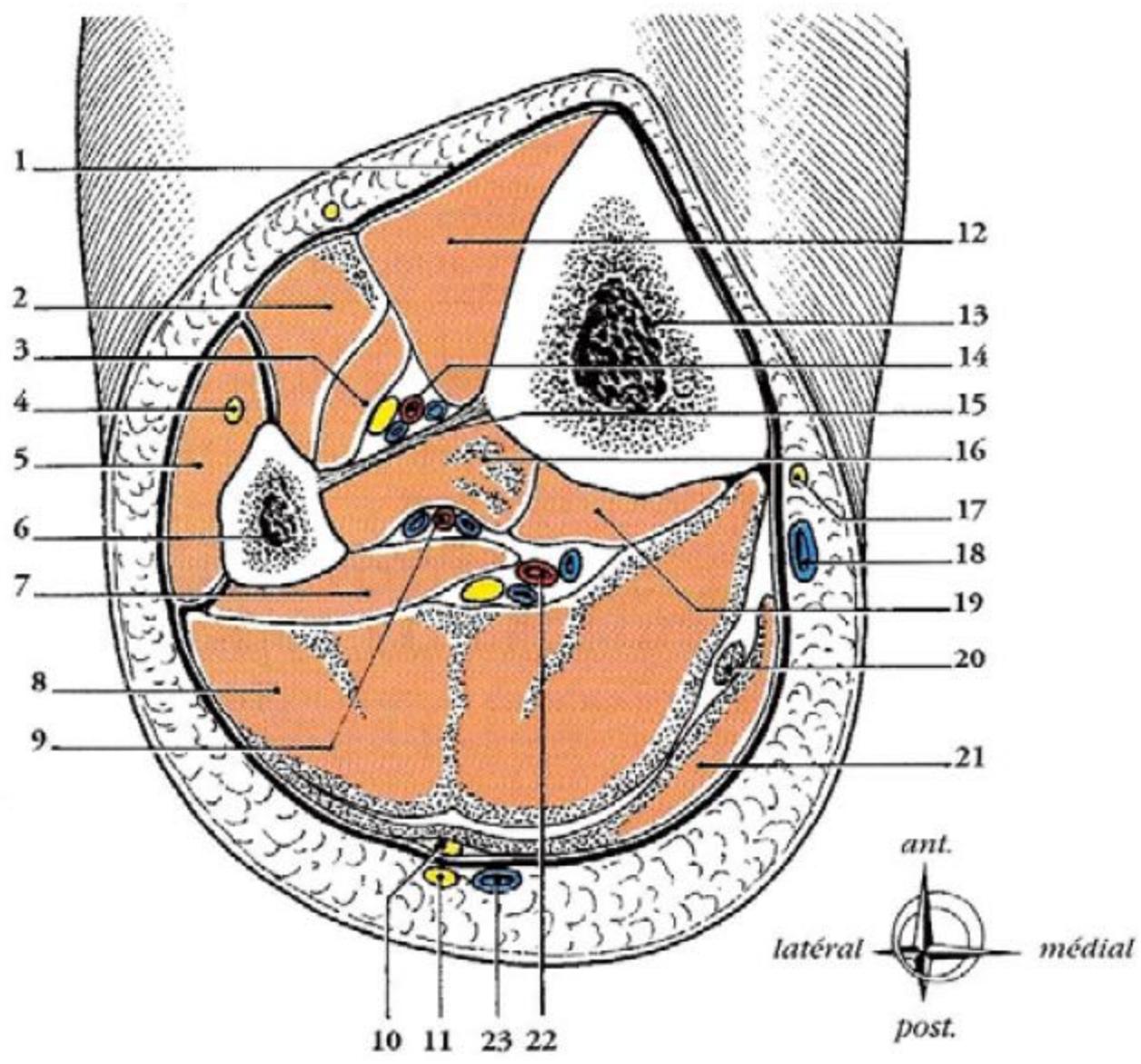
Origine, trajet, terminaison, collatérales



Rapports

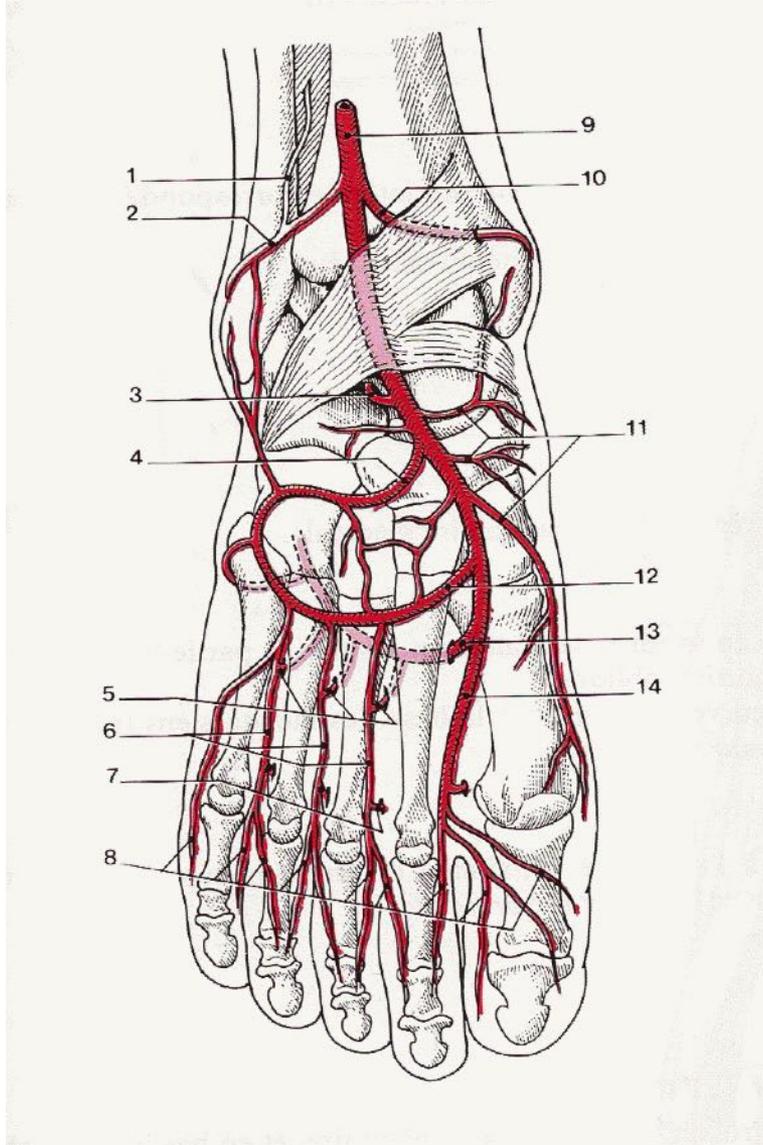






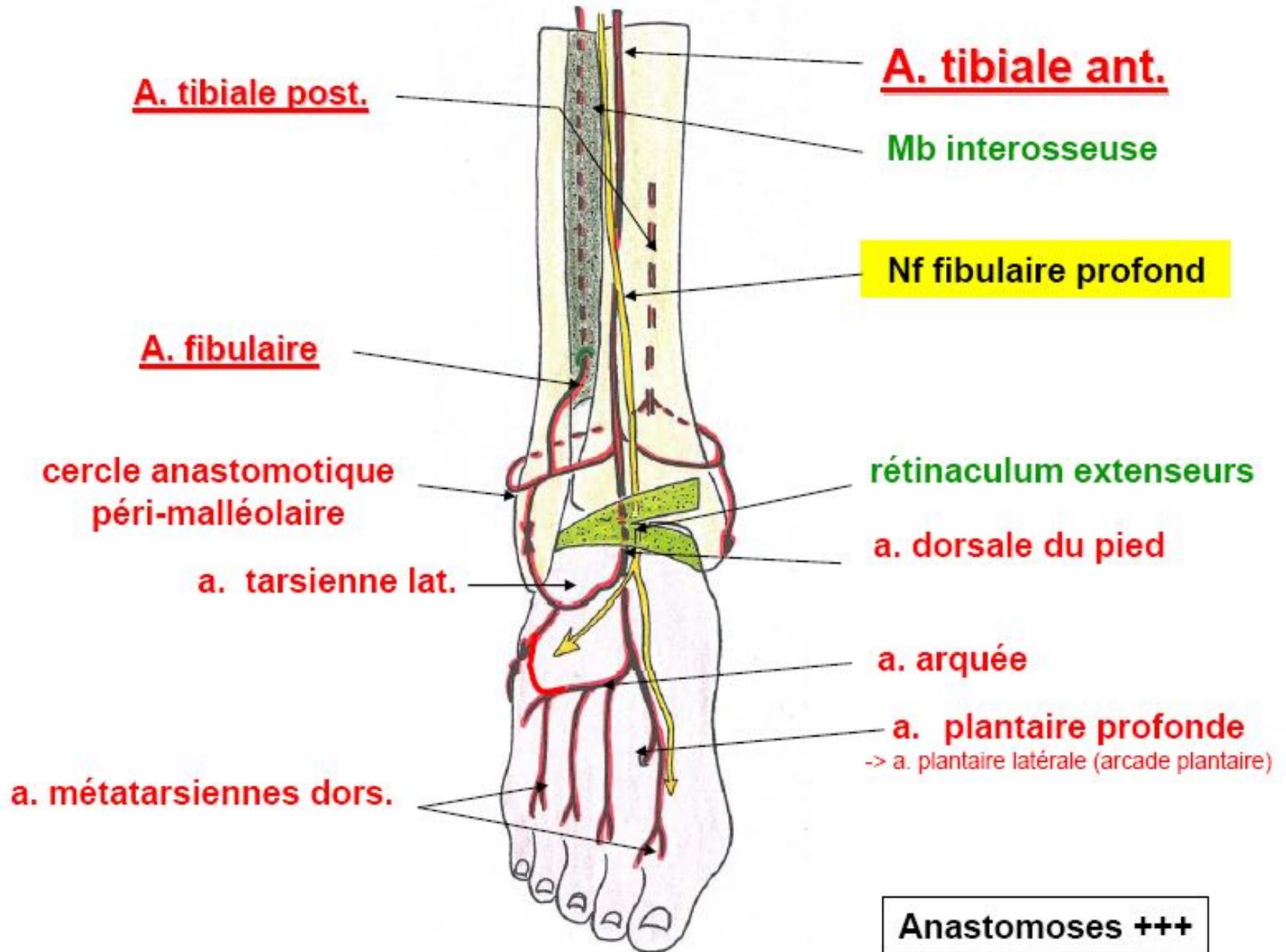
Artère dorsale du pied

Origine, trajet, terminaison, collatérales

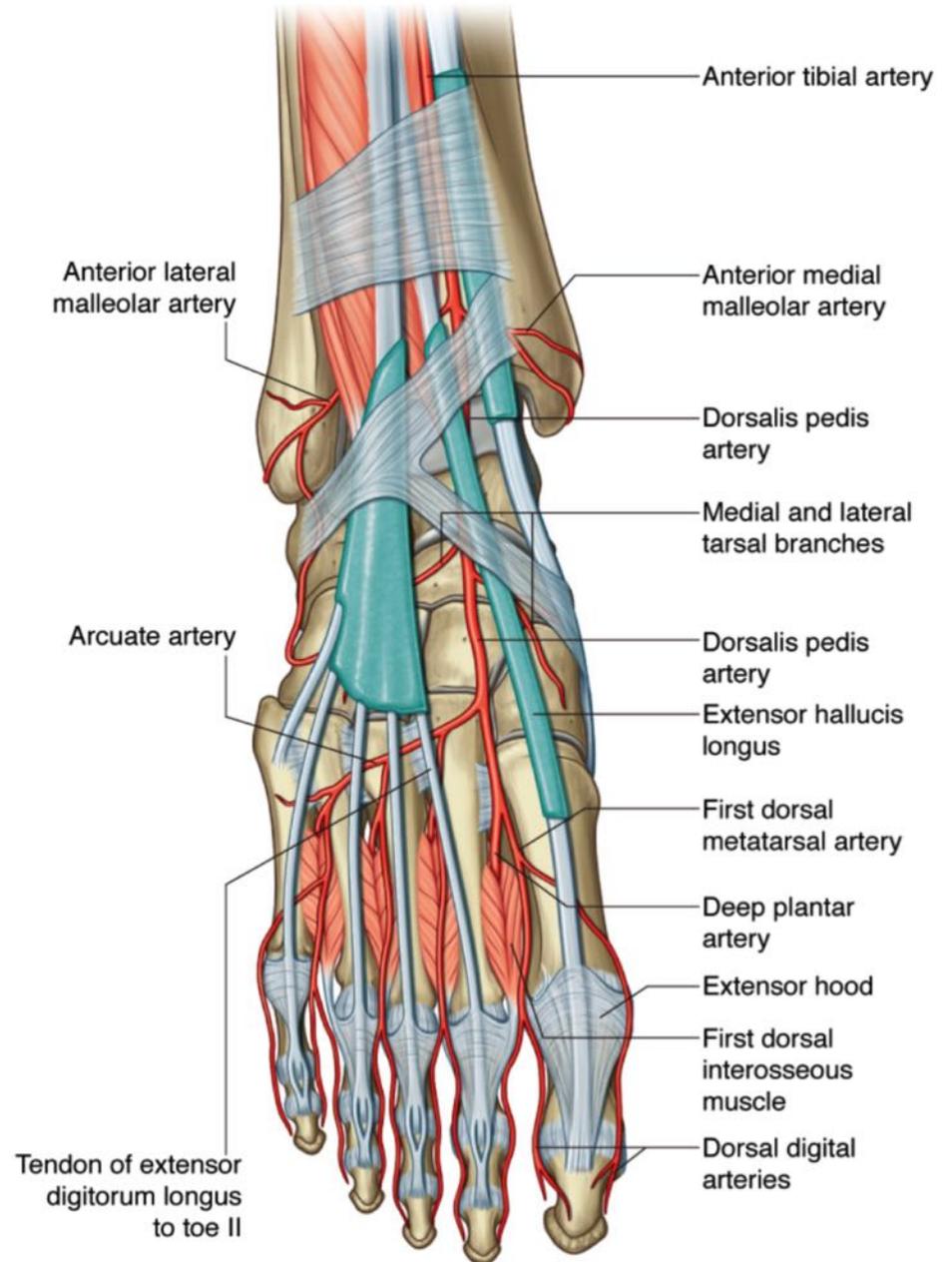


Artère dorsale du pied : branches collatérales

- | | |
|------------------------------------|---|
| 1 - r. perforant de l'a. fibulaire | 8 - aa. digitales dorsales |
| 2 - a. malléolaire antéro-latérale | 9 - a. tibiale ant. |
| 3 - a. du sinus du tarse | 10 - a. malléolaire antéro-médiale |
| 4 - a. tarsienne latérale | 11 - aa. tarsiennes médiales |
| 5 - aa. perforantes proximales | 12 - a. arquée |
| 6 - aa. métatarsiennes dorsales | 13 - a. plantaire profonde |
| 7 - aa. perforantes distales | 14 - 1 ^{re} a. métatarsienne dorsale |

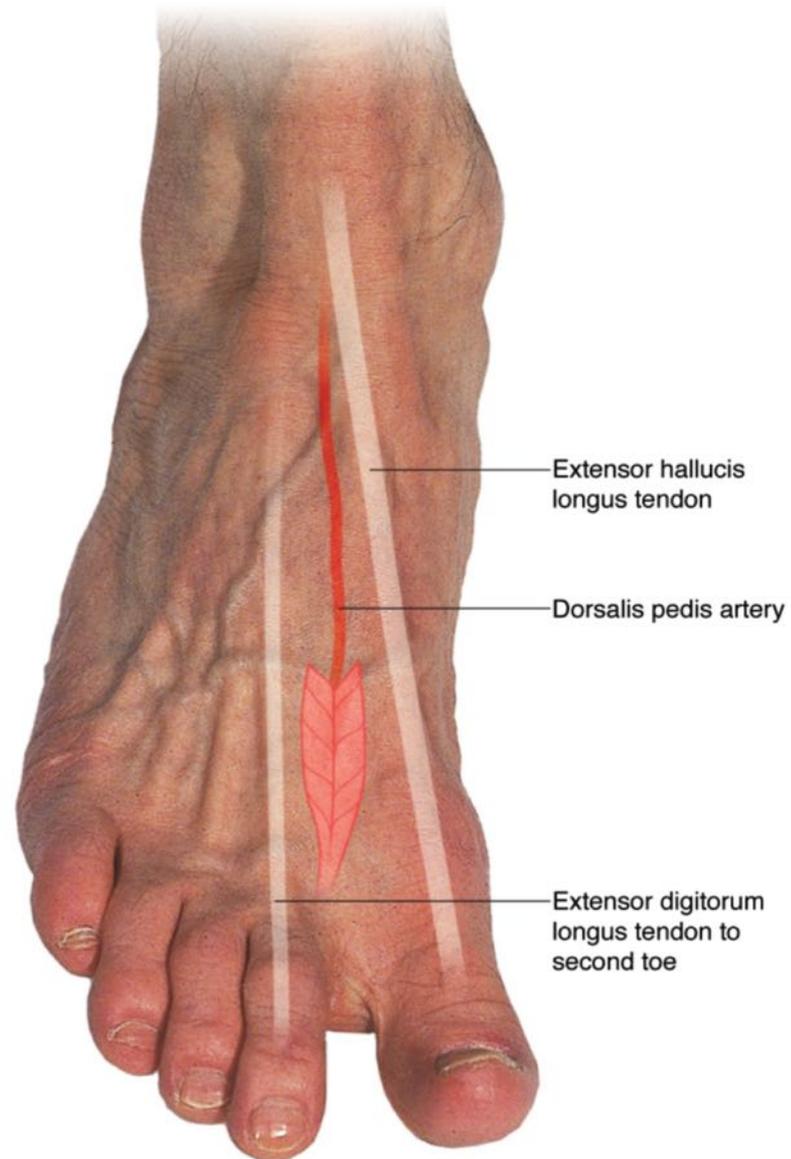


Rapports



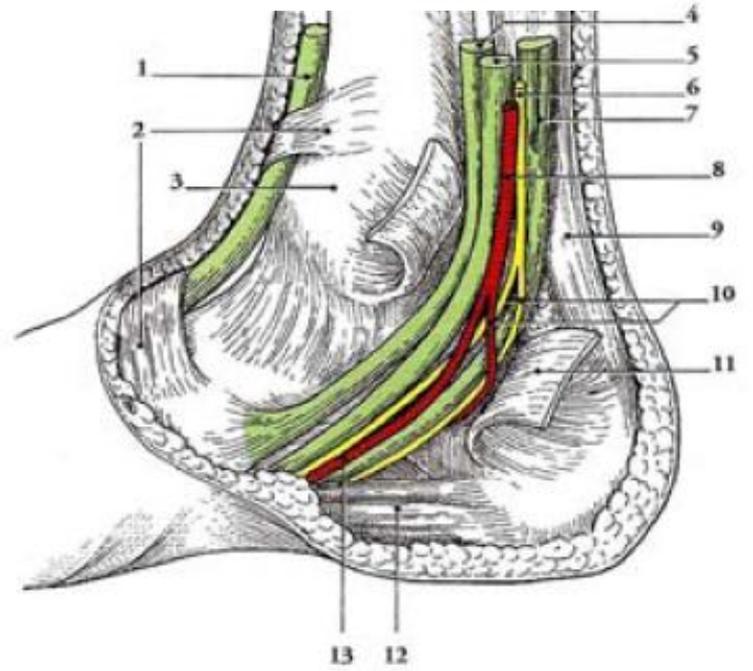
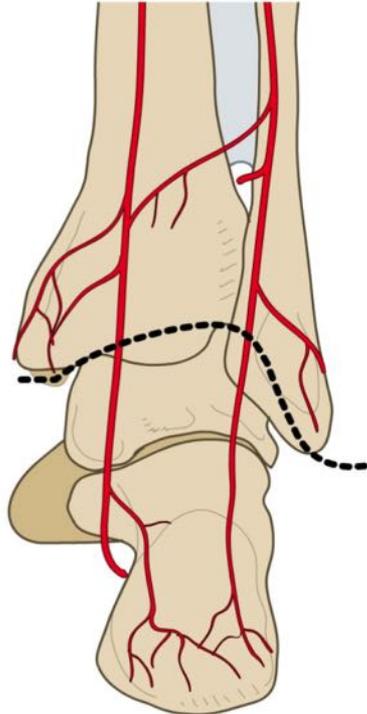
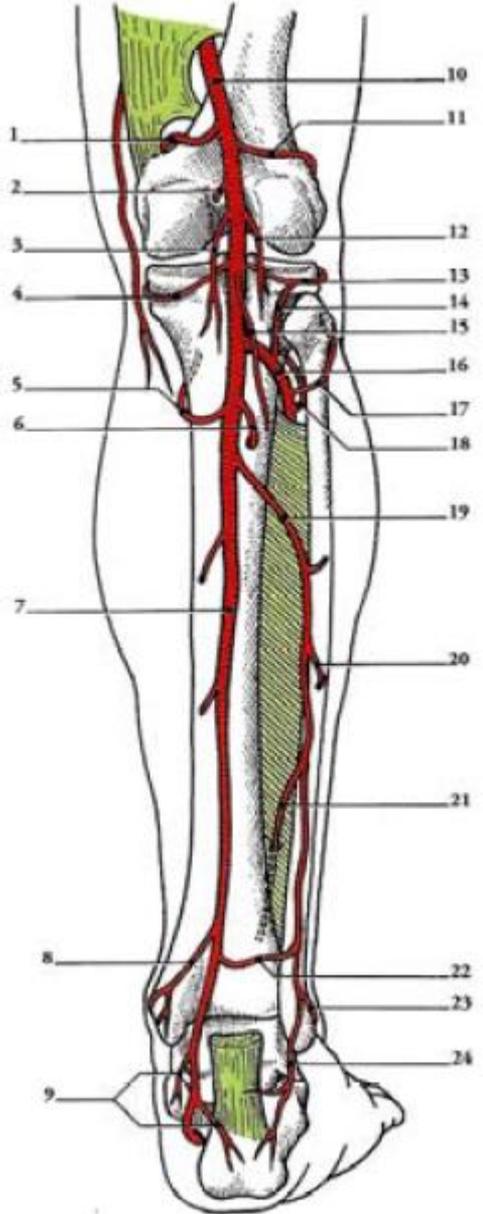


Repères de surface

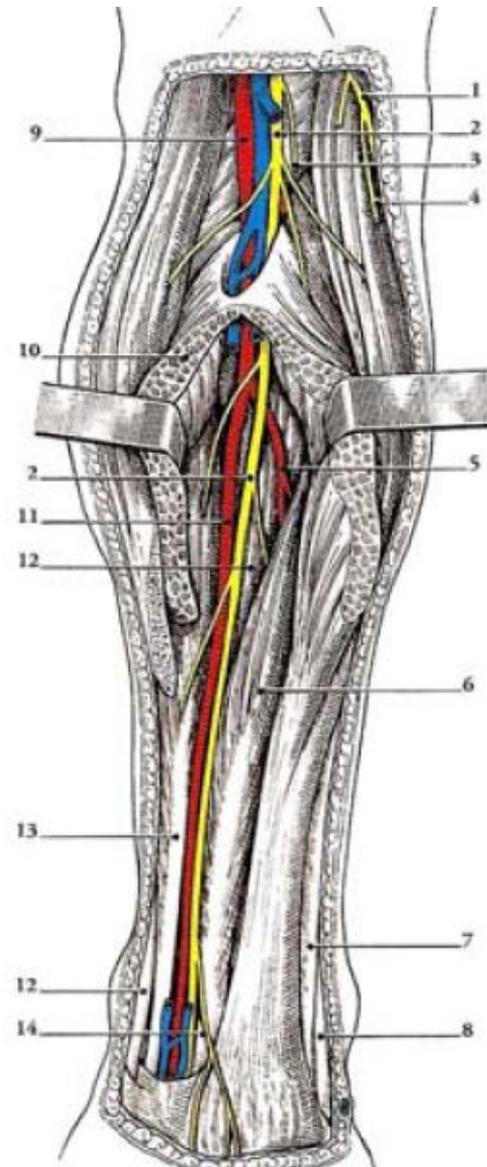


Artère tibiale postérieure et artère fibulaire

Origine, trajet, terminaison, collatérales



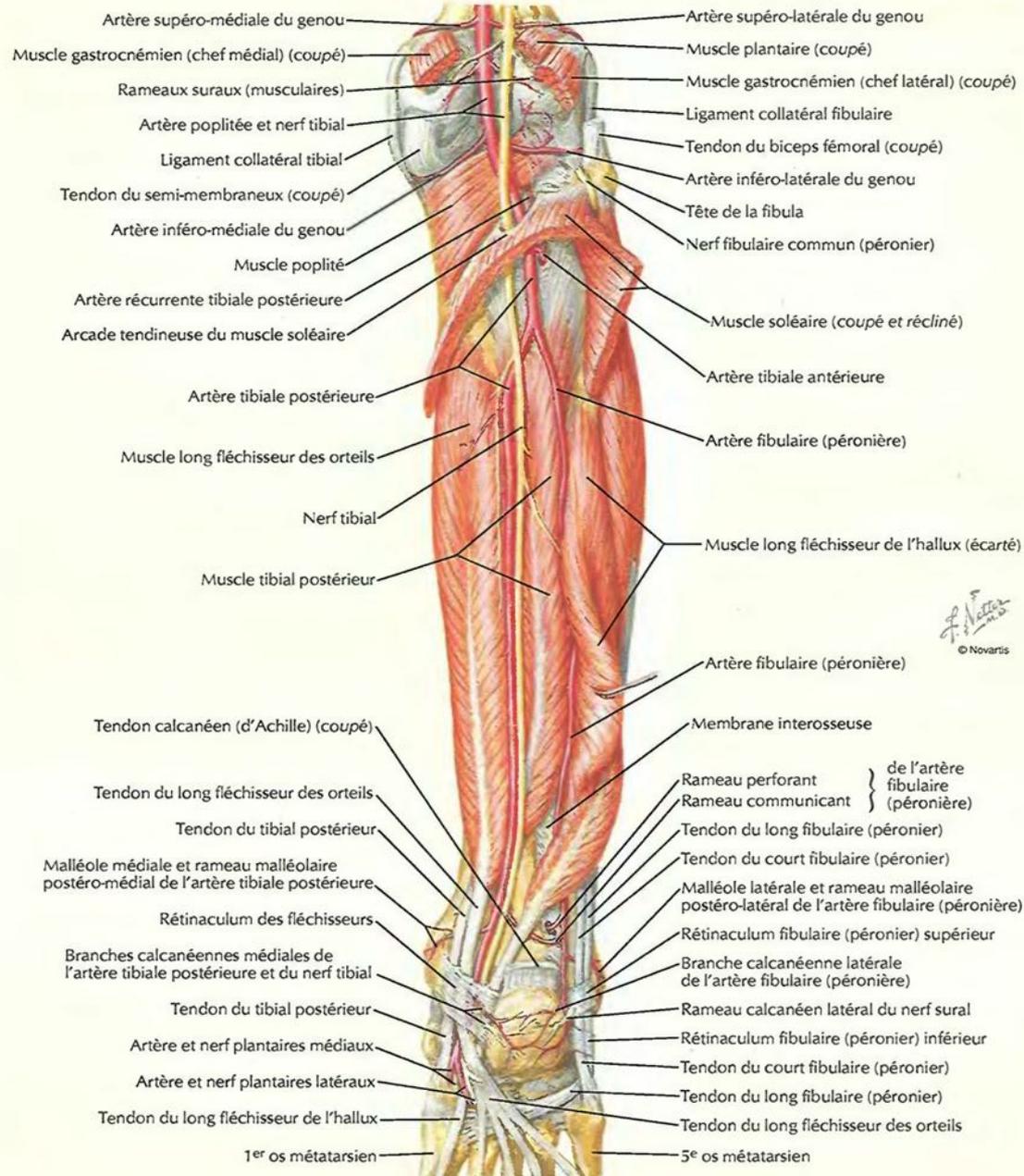
Rapports



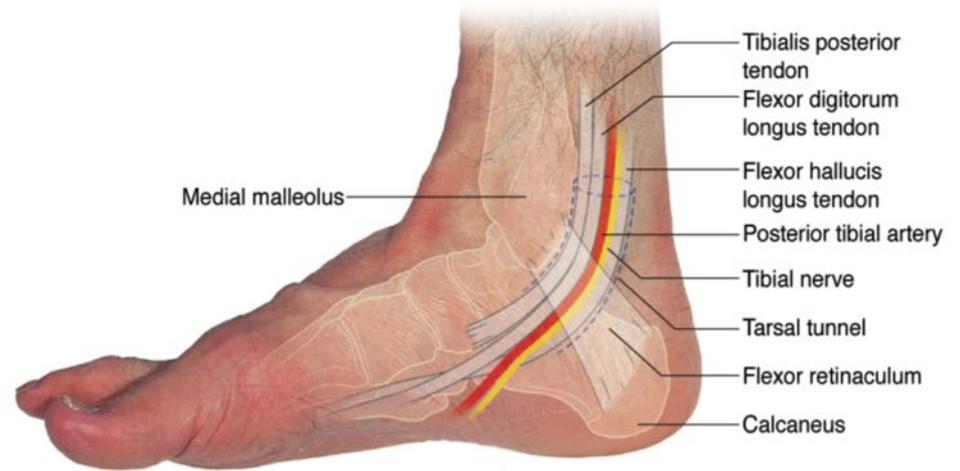
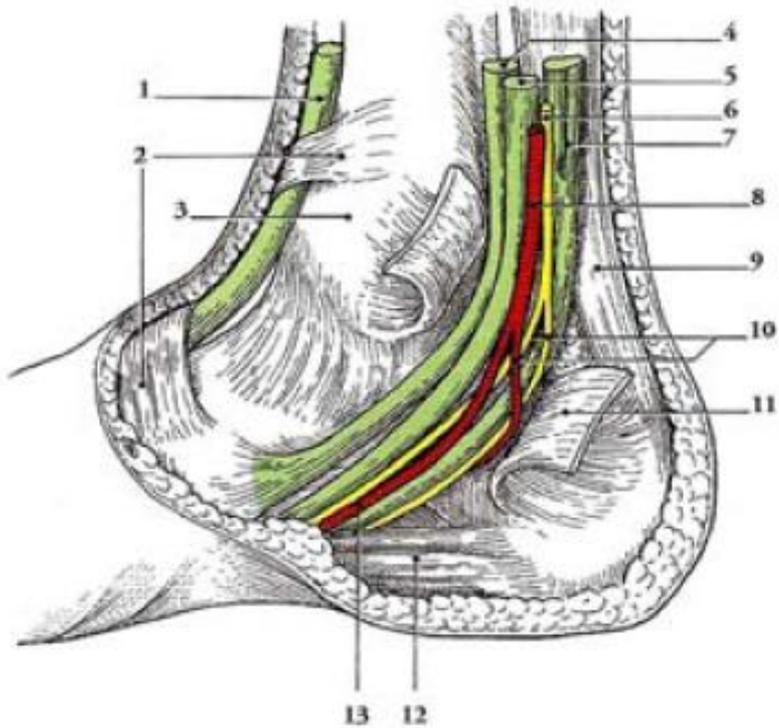
Région postérieure de la jambe

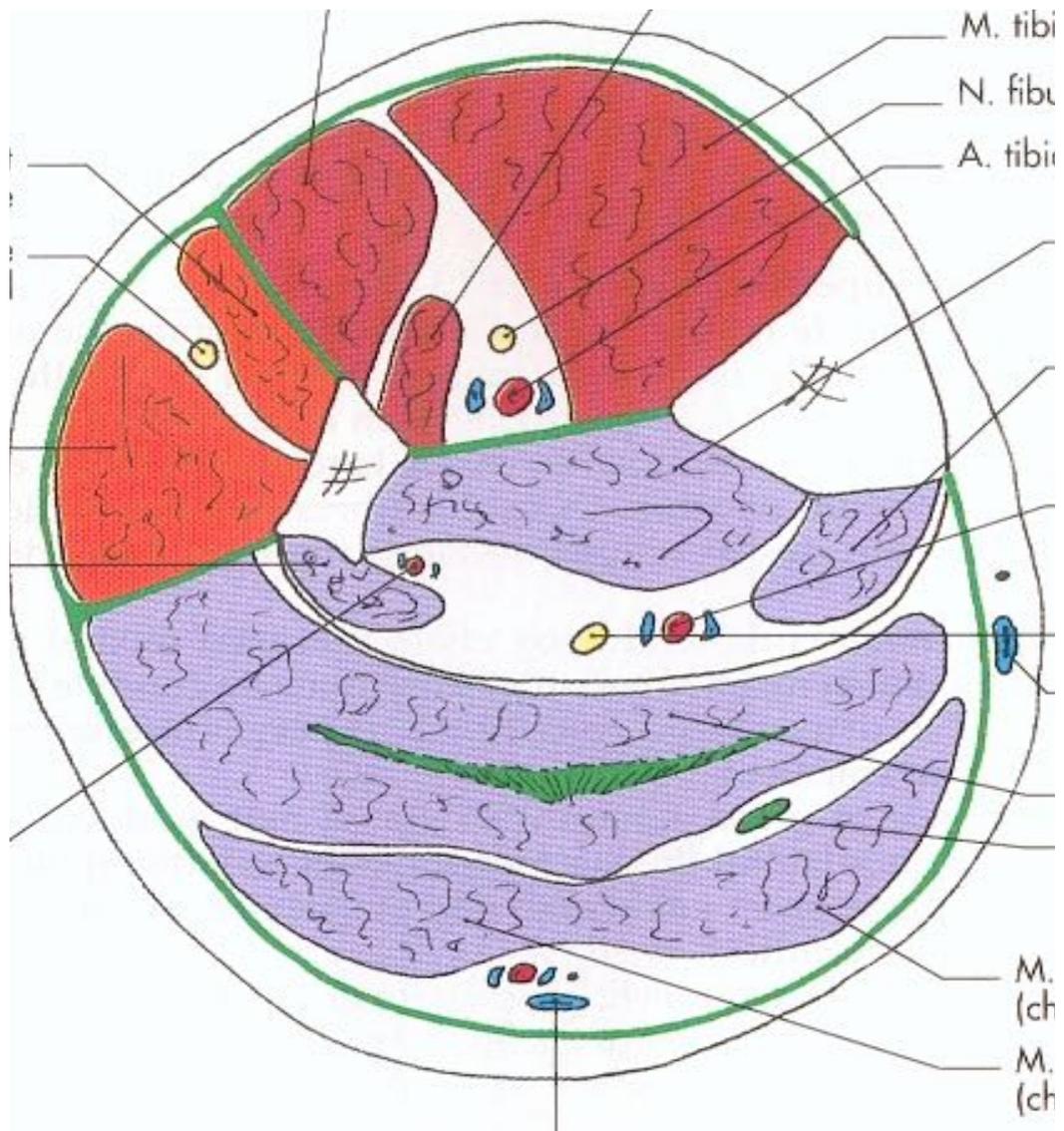
- | | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1 - n. fibulaire commun | 8 - m. court fibulaire |
| 2 - n. tibial | 9 - a. poplitée |
| 3 - n. cutané sural médial | 10 - m. soléaire |
| 4 - n. cutané sural latéral | 11 - a. tibiale postérieure |
| 5 - a. fibulaire | 12 - m. tibial postérieur |
| 6 - m. long fléchisseur de l'hallux | 13 - m. long fléchisseur des orteils |
| 7 - m. long fibulaire | 14 - r. calcanéen médial |

Rapports



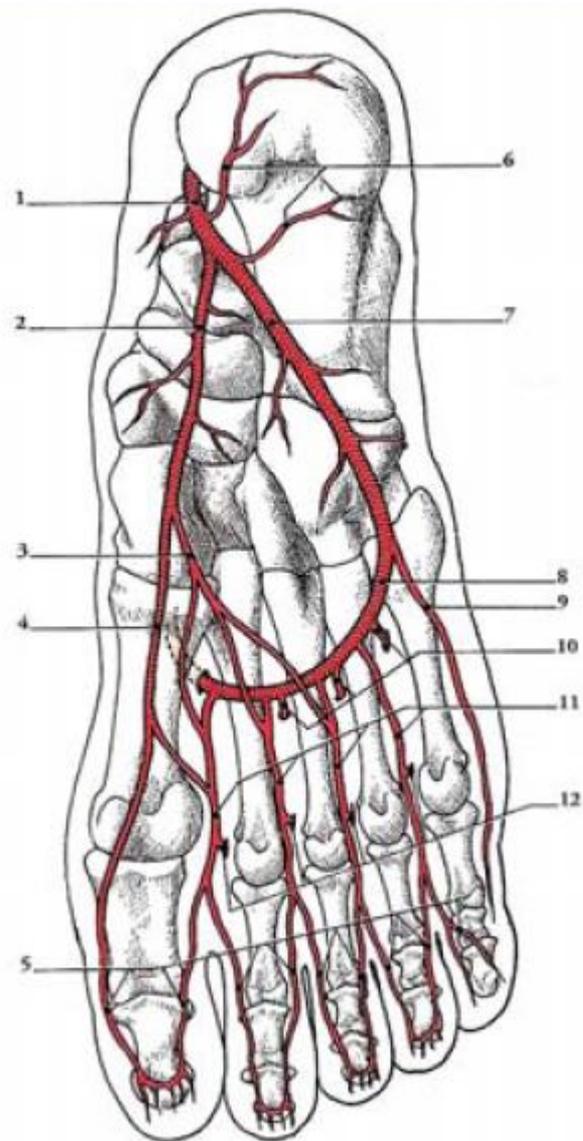
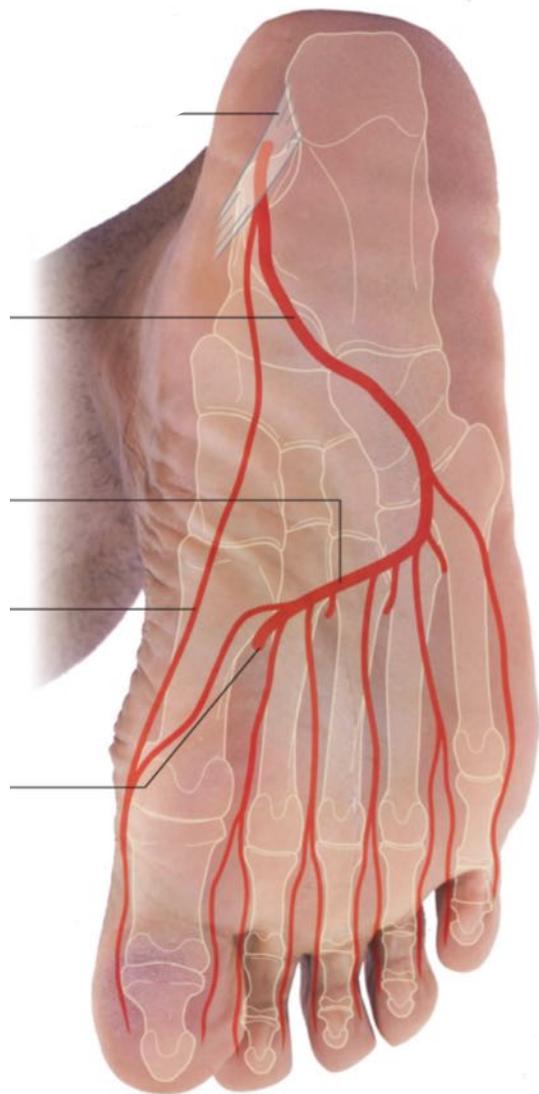
Rapports de l'artère tibiale postérieure au niveau du canal calcanéen médial



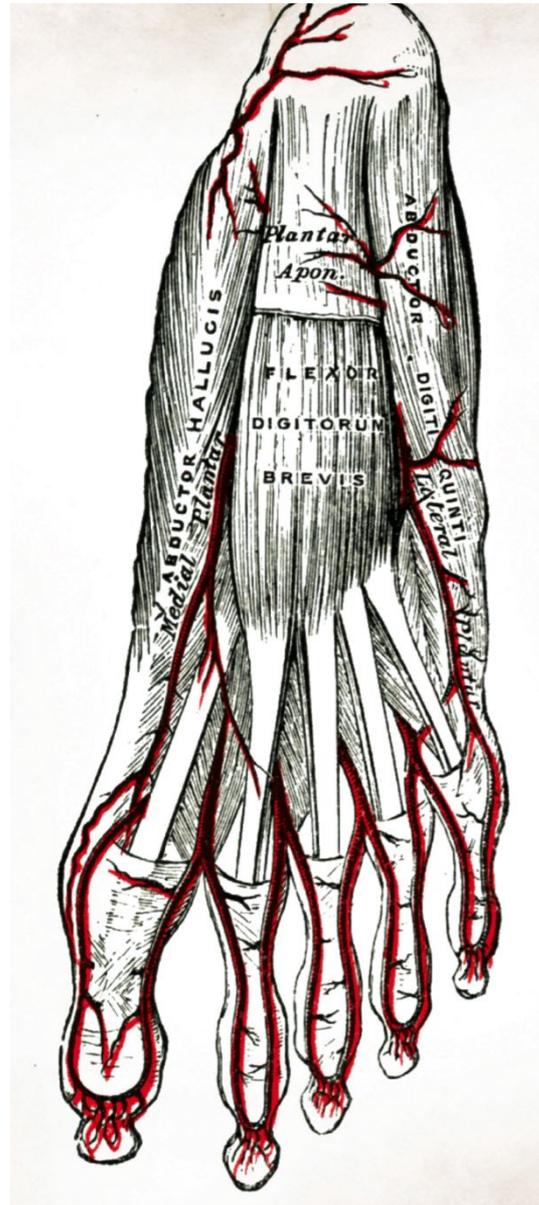


Artères plantaires médiale et latérale

Origine, trajet, terminaison, collatérales

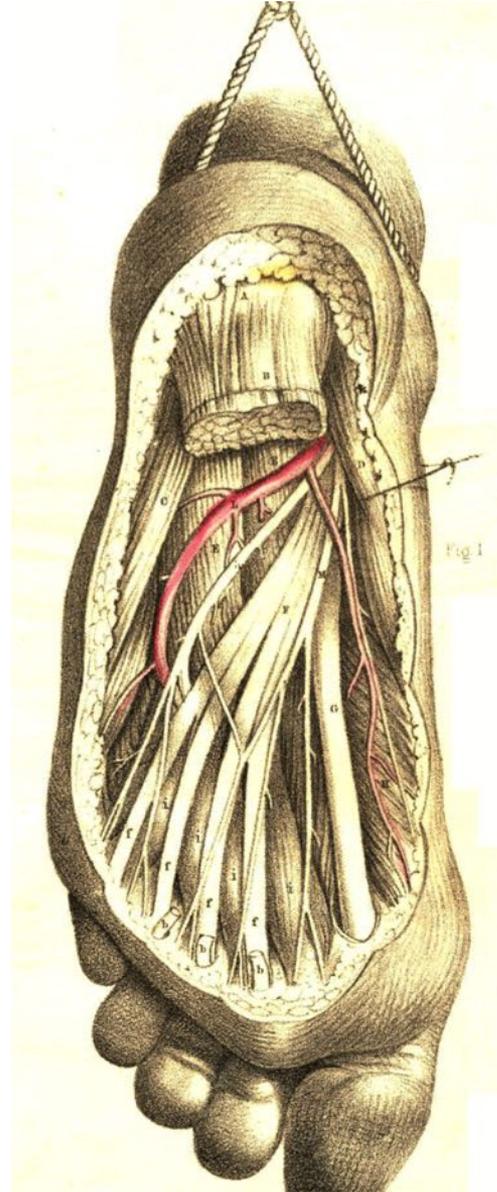
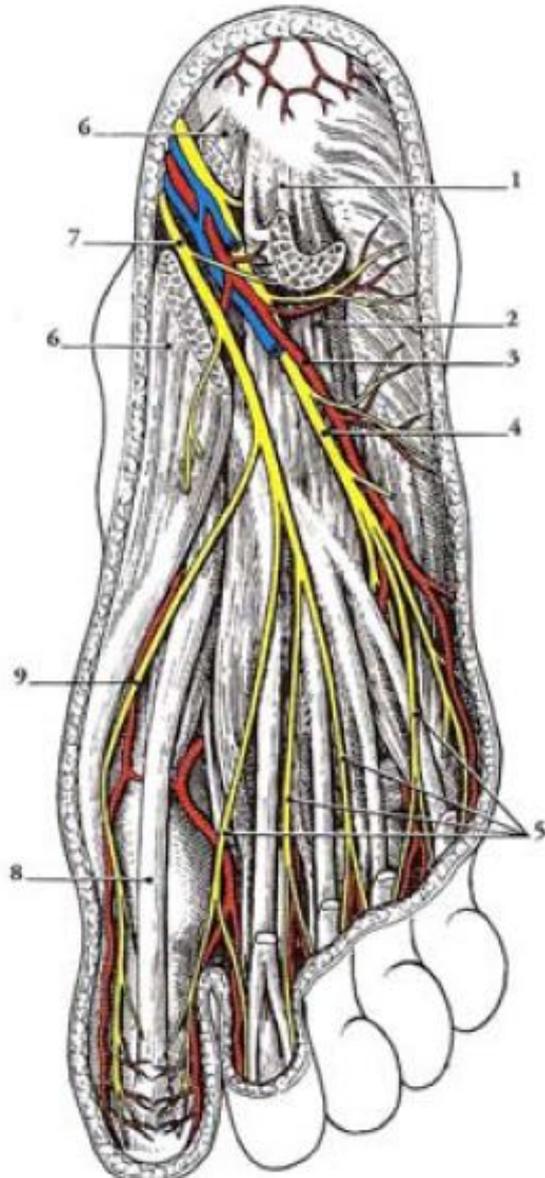


Rapports

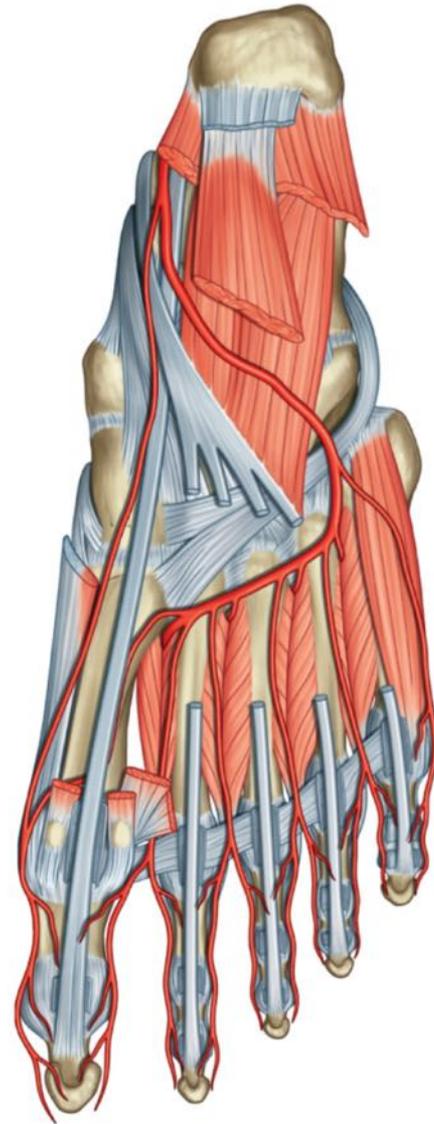
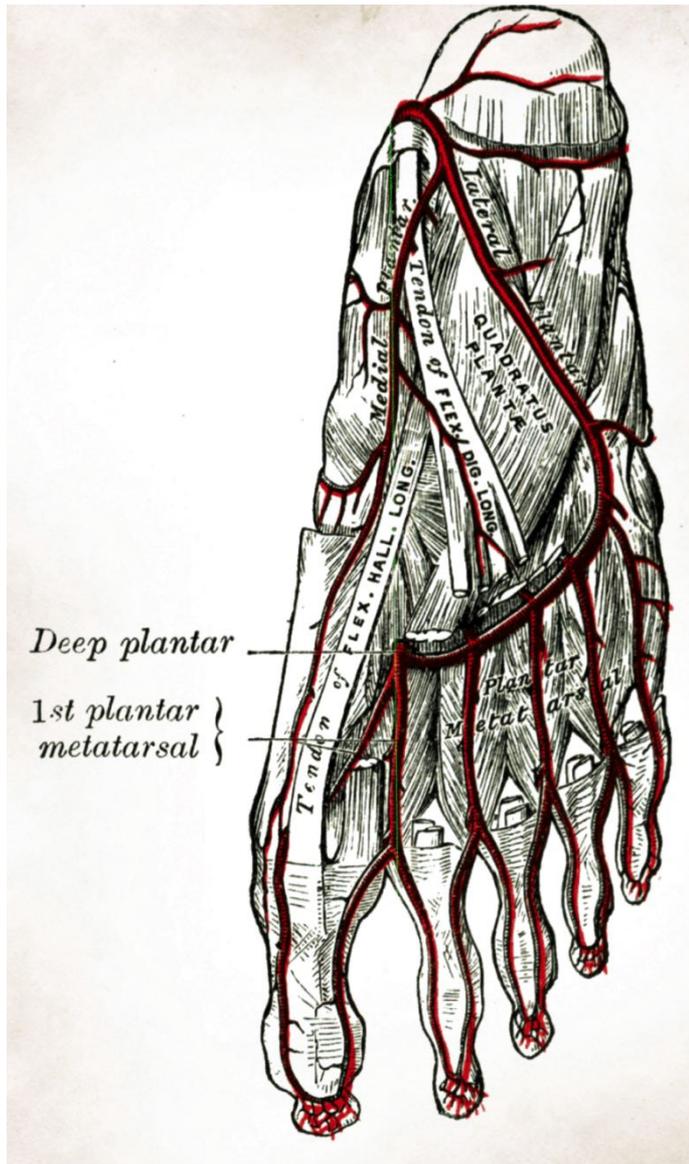


Vue plantaire (aponévrose plantaire réséquée)

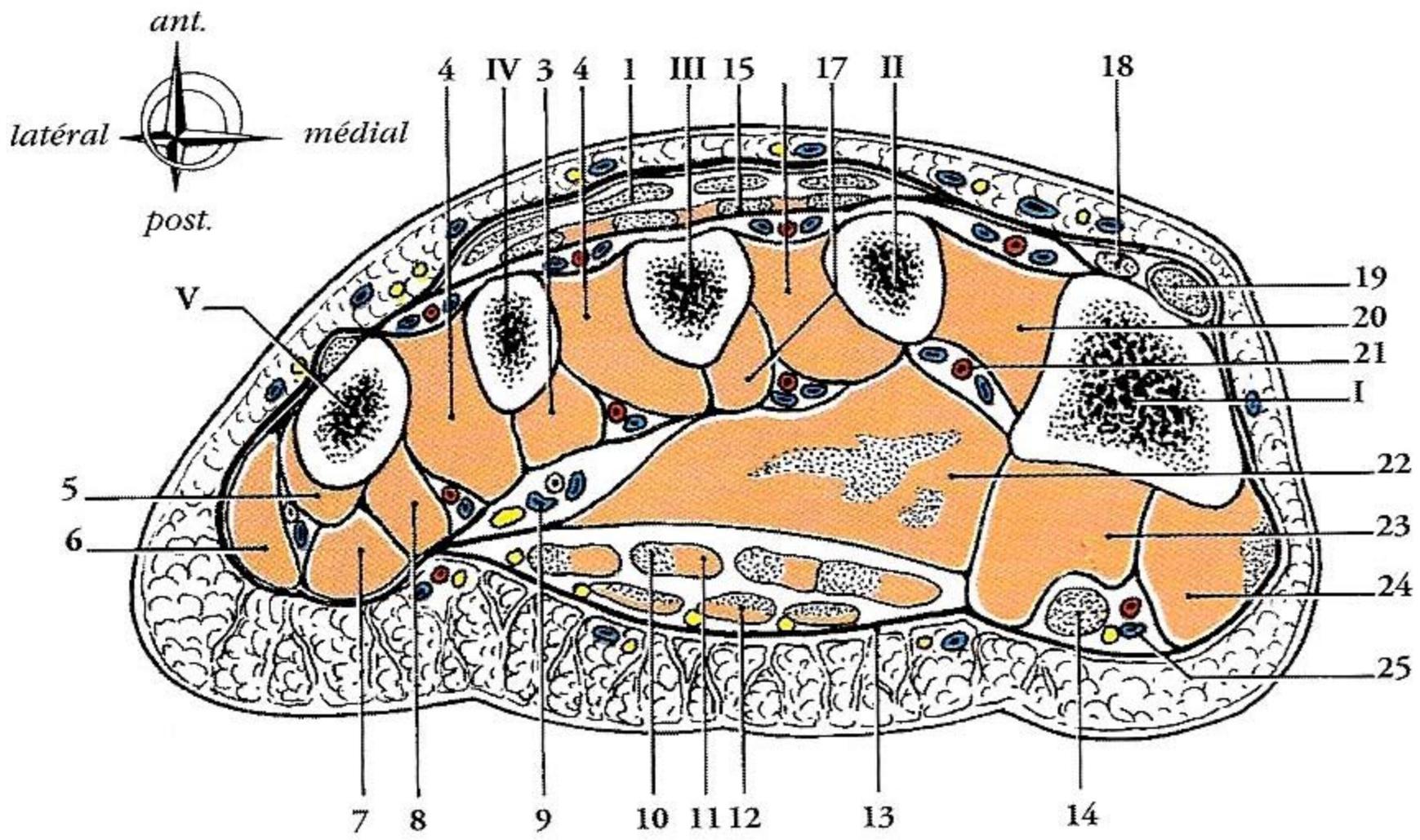
Rapports



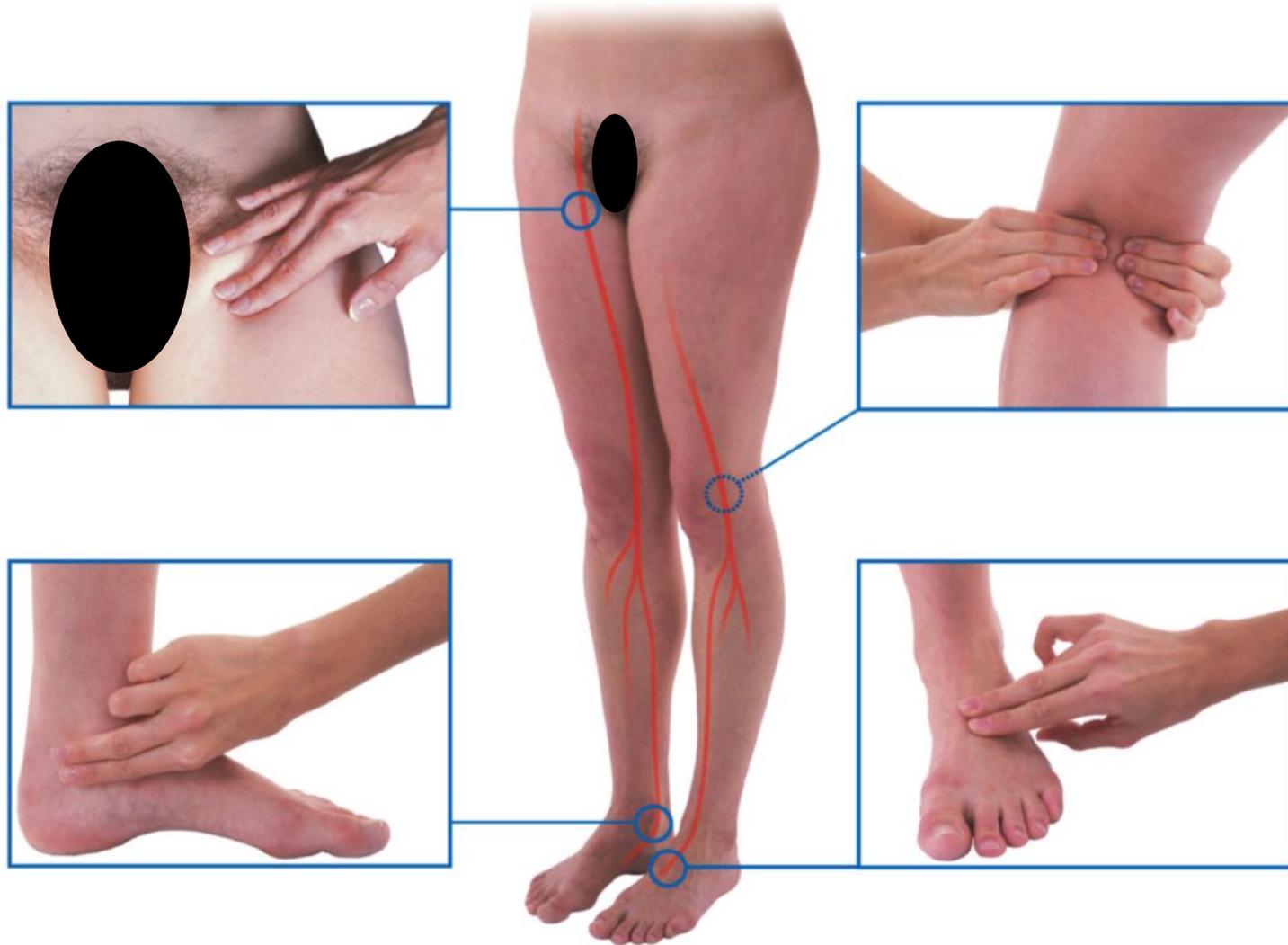
Vue plantaire (aponévrose plantaire et muscle court fléchisseur plantaire réséqués)

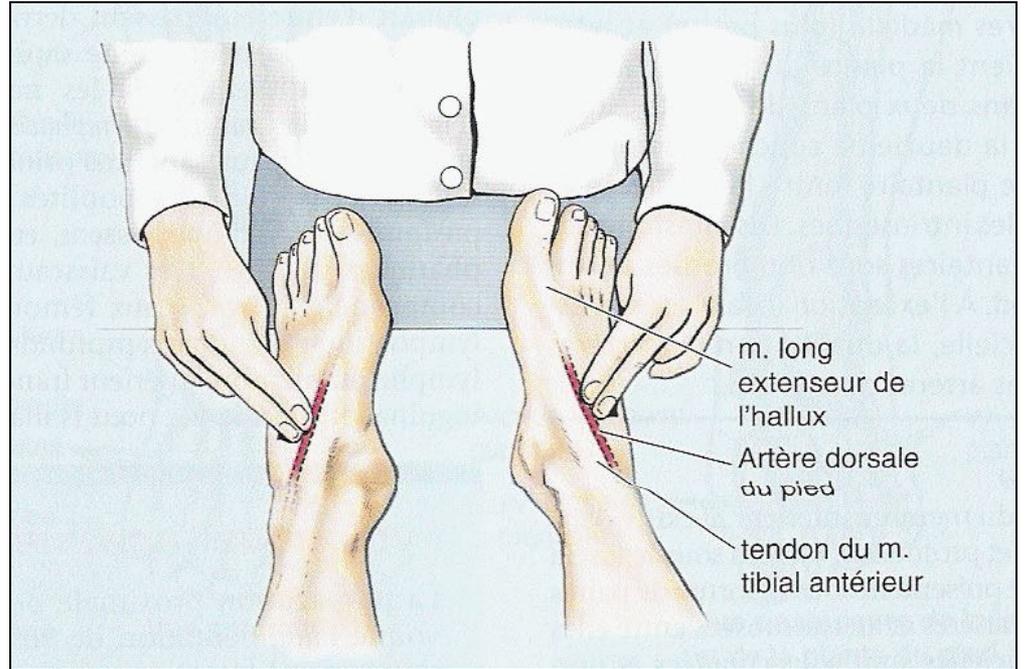
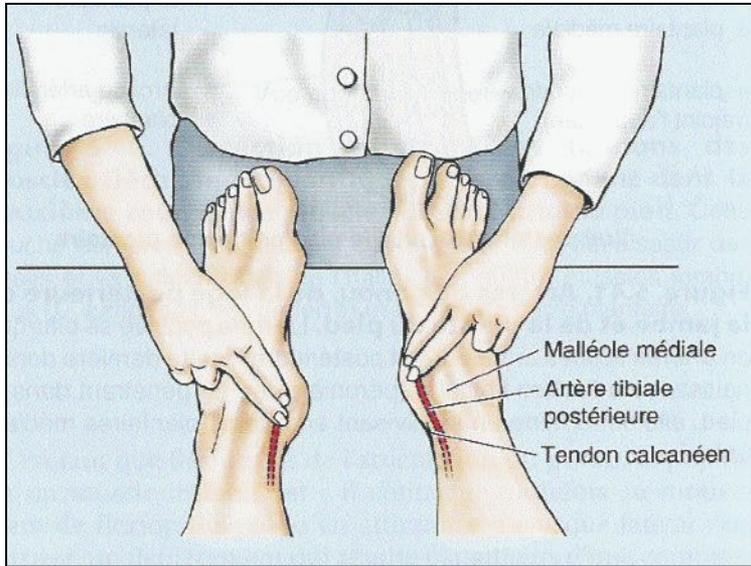


Vue plantaire (aponévrose plantaire, muscle court fléchisseur plantaire et partie distale du long fléchisseur des orteils réséqués)



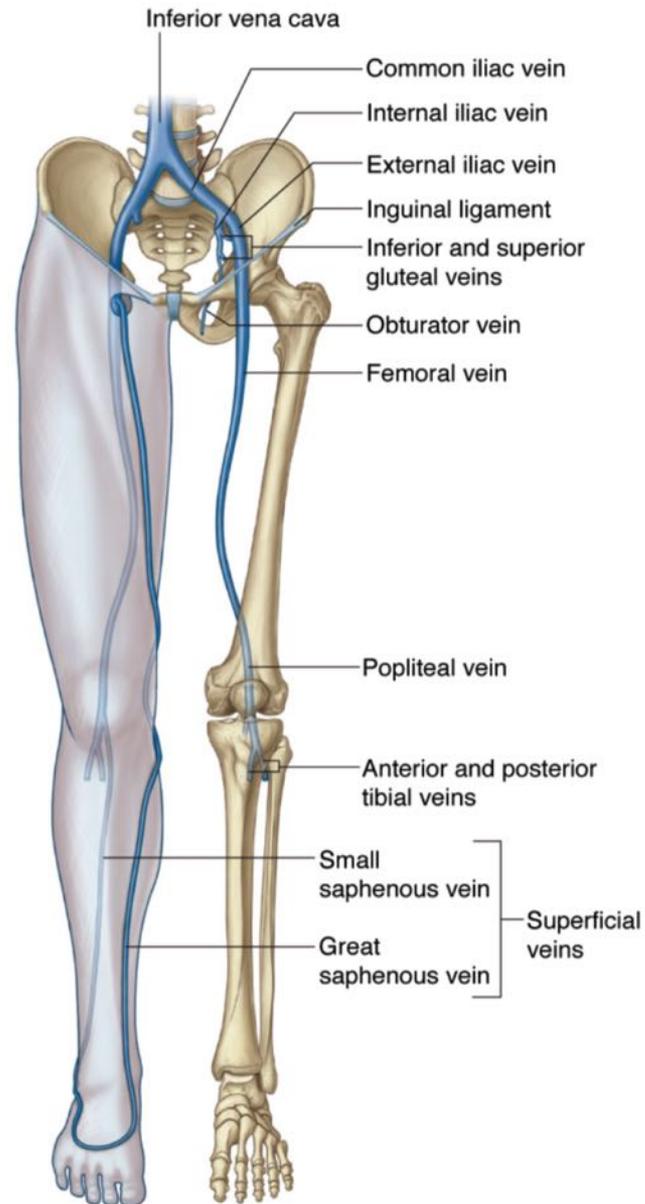
Application clinique: pouls artériels du membre inférieur



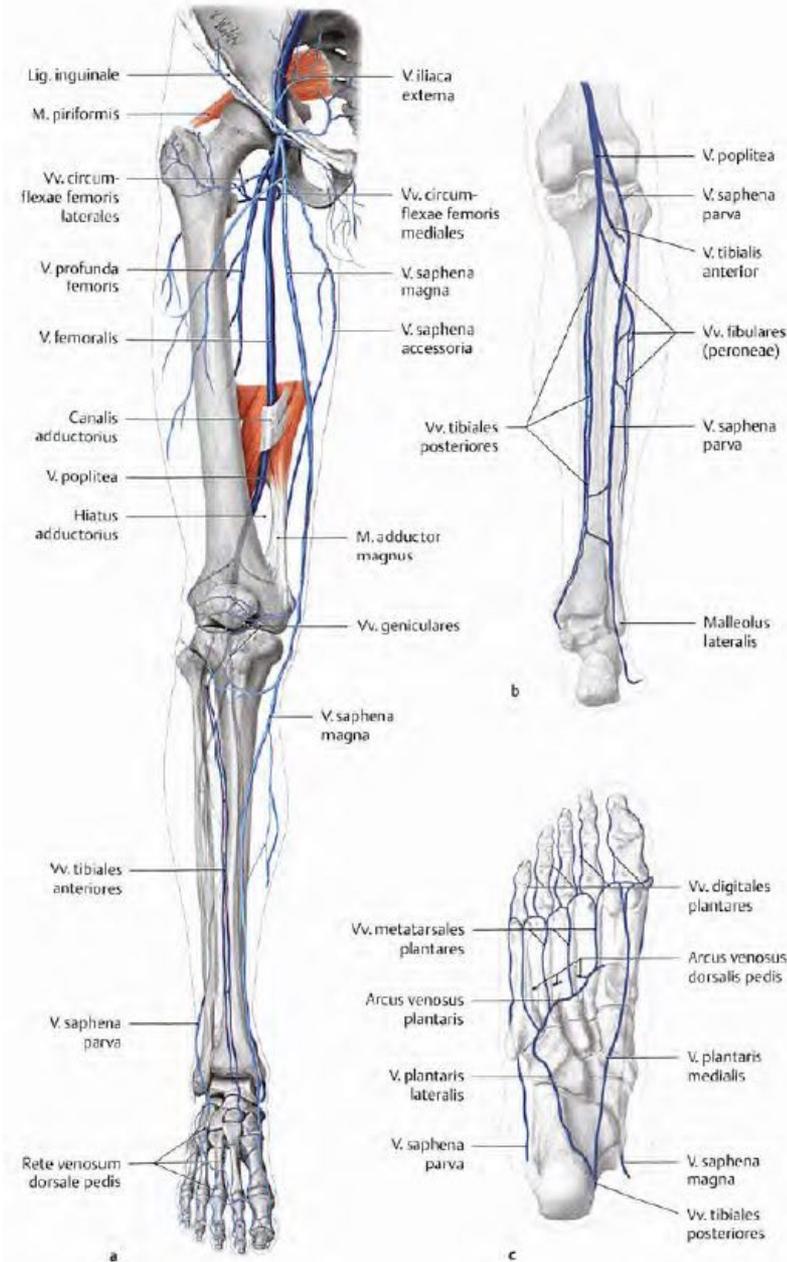


Vascularisation veineuse

Deux raiseaux veineux: superficiel et profond



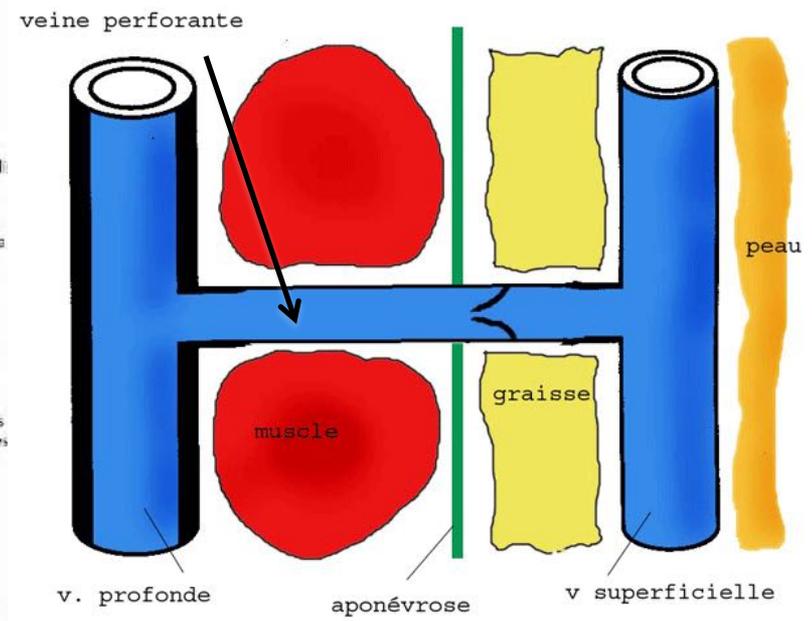
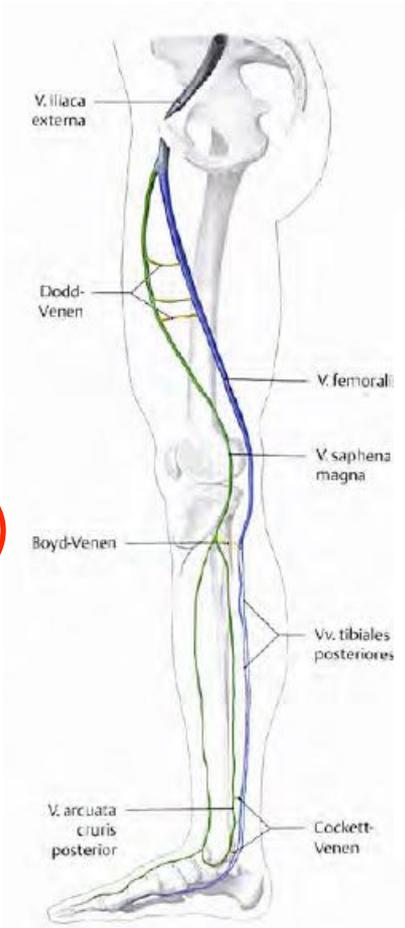
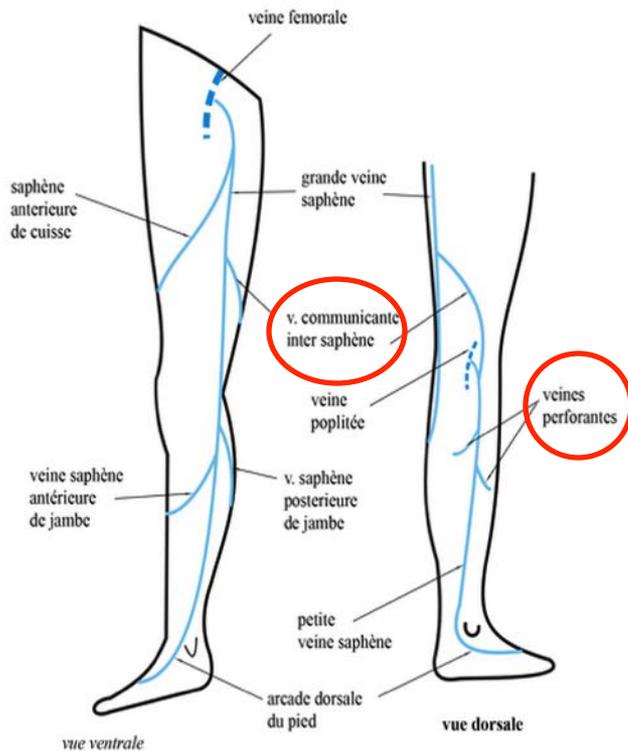
Raiseau veineux profond



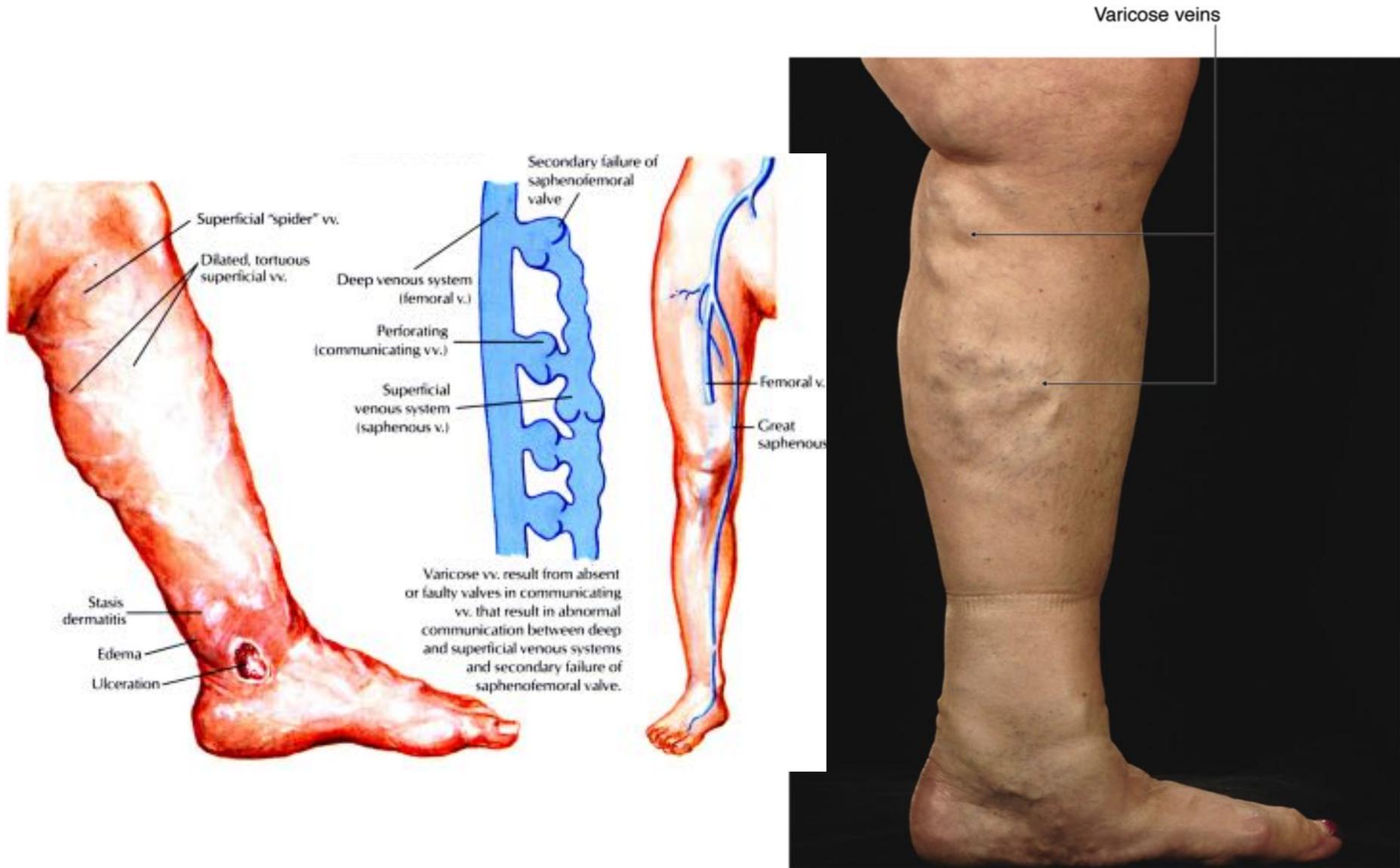
Raiseau veineux superficiel



- Anastomoses entre les veines du raseau superficiel et Anastomoses entre les raseaux profond et superficiel : veines communicantes et perforantes

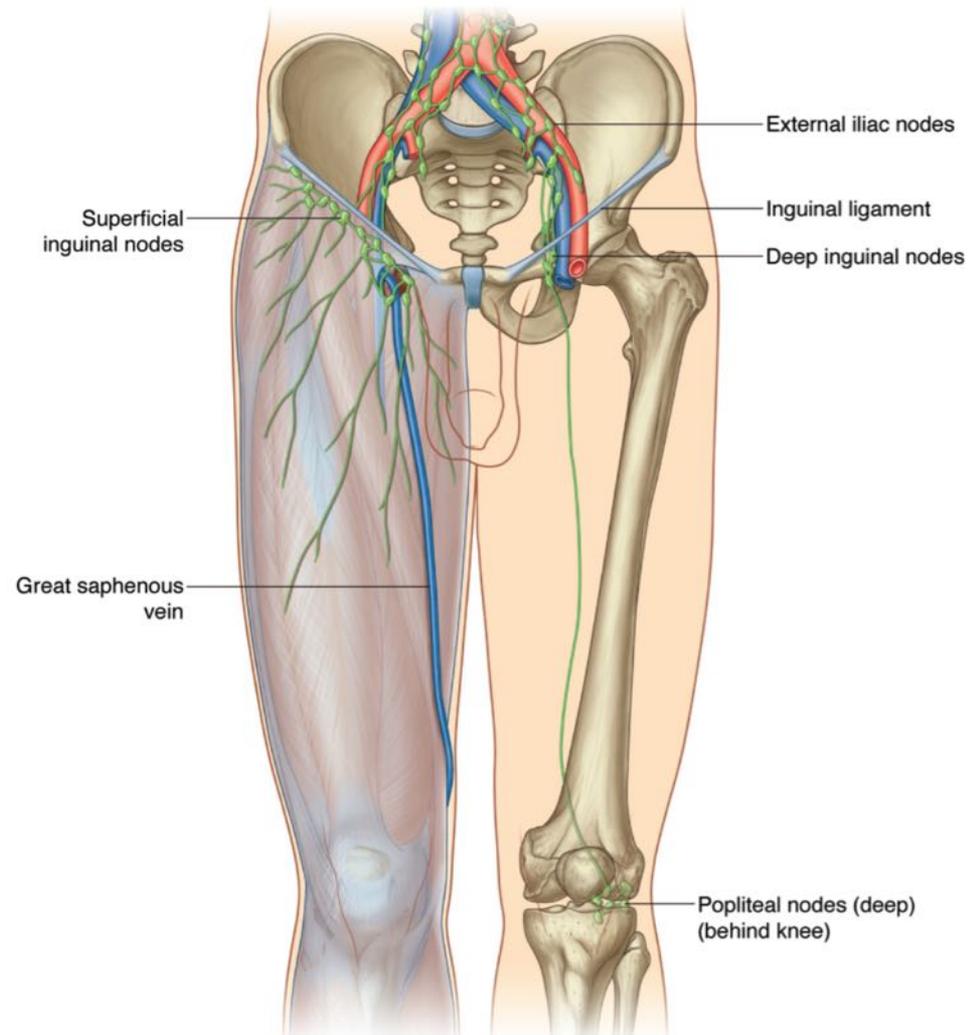


Application clinique: varices du membre inférieur

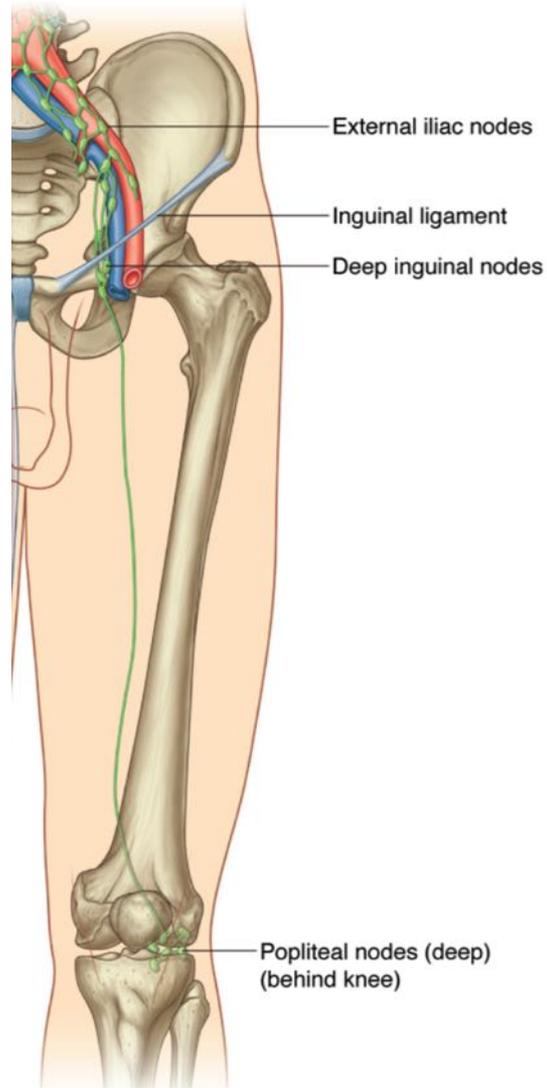


Vascularisation lymphatique

Deux réseaux lymphatiques : superficiel et profond

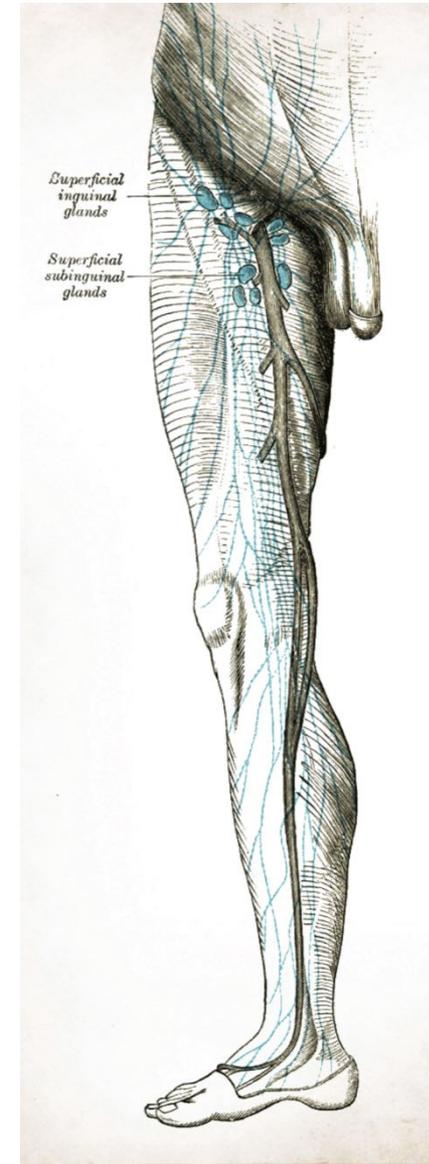
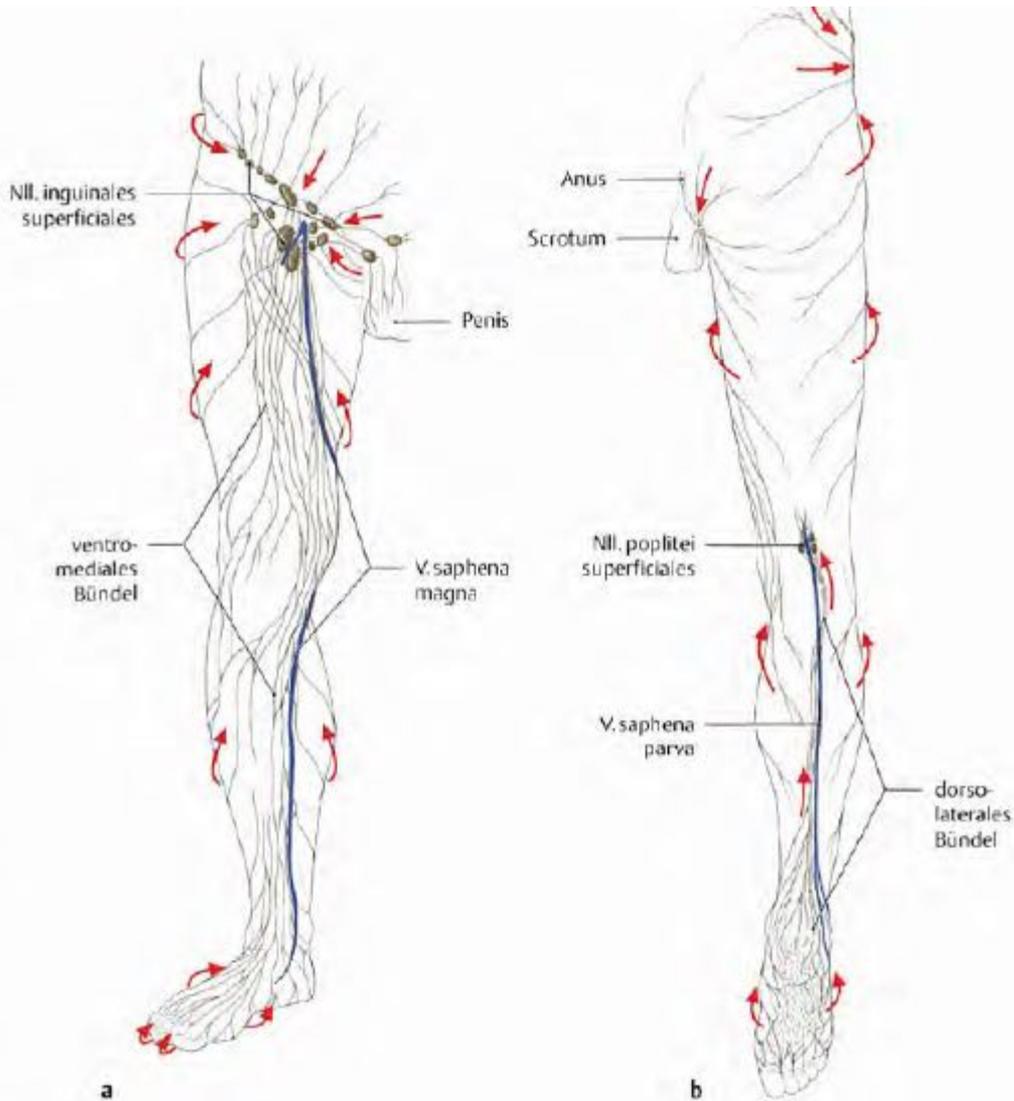


- Raseau lymphatique profond:
 - suit les artères et veines profondes
 - Se draine dans les ganglions poplités et inguinaux profonds



•Réseau lymphatique superficiel:

- Suit le réseau veineux superficiel (veines saphènes)
- Se draine dans les ganglions superficiels poplités et inguinaux



Ganglions inguinaux superficiels

